Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL)

Certificate

Certificate Number: MPLCERT26558

REVENUE

ABN 76 775 195 331

WWW.Sro.vic.gov.au

OFFICE

Issue Date: 9 September 2024

Expiry Date: 8 March 2025

PACE Development Group Pty Ltd

L 2 16 Stephenson ST Cremorne VIC 3121

PART 1 - APPLICANT DETAILS

Details of person who applied for this Certificate:

Name: PACE Development Group Pty Ltd

Address: L 2 16 Stephenson ST Cremorne VIC 3121

Cremorne

AUSTRALIA

This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright

PART 2 - LEVIABLE LAND DETAILS

Address of land to which the Metropolitan Planning Levy applies:

Street Address: 251 Lygon ST

Brunswick East VIC 3057

Formal Land Description:

Vol/Folio: 9370 / 939 Lot/Plan: Block/Subdivision:

Crown Reference:

Other: Land in Plan of Consolidation 109940 (Street address 251 Lygon Street, Brunswick East VIC 3057), Lot 2 on

Plan of Subdivision 055645 (Street address 1A Pitt Street, Brunswick East VIC 3057).

Municipality: Merri-Bek City Council

Estimated Cost of Development: \$52,240,000

PART 3 - MPL PAYMENT DETAILS

MPL Application ID: MPL26558

MPL Paid: \$67,912.00

MPL Payment Date: 2 September 2024

ADVERTISED PLAN

PART 4 - CERTIFICATION

The Commissioner of State Revenue confirms that the whole of the amount of the MPL has been paid in respect of the estimated cost of development.

Paul Broderick
Commissioner of State Revenue

PART 5 – EXPLANATORY NOTES

General

- The Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) is imposed for the privilege of making a leviable planning permit application.
- A leviable planning permit application is an application made to a responsible authority or planning authority under sections 47 and 96A of the Planning and Environment Act 1987 (PEA) for a permit required for the development of land in metropolitan Melbourne, where the estimated cost of the development for which the permit is required exceeds the threshold amount (see MPL threshold amount).
- As a statutory requirement of making a leviable planning permit application, the applicant must give the responsible authority or planning authority a current MPL Certificate. The estimated cost of development stated in the MPL Certificate must be equal to or greater than the estimated cost of the development stated in the leviable planning permit application. If an applicant fails to comply with this requirement, the application for the leviable planning permit is void.
- The applicant for the leviable planning permit application is liable for the MPL.
- The Commissioner of State Revenue (Commissioner) has the general administration of the MPL.

MPL threshold amount

- The threshold amount is \$1 million for the 2015-2016 financial year.
- For the financial year beginning on 1 July 2016 and each subsequent financial year, the Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) adjusted threshold amount will be calculated in accordance with section 96R of the PEA
- On or before 31 May each year, the Commissioner must publish the CPI website.

How MPL is calculated

- rounded up or down to the nearest \$1000 (ard, if the amount by whic βαρεγright to be rounded is \$500, it is to be rounded up)

Notification and Payment of MPL to the Commissioner

- Before making a leviable planning permit application, the applicant must submit a completed Application for Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) Certificate and pay the whole MPL amount to the Commissioner. This Application must state the estimated cost of the development and any other information required by the Commissioner.
- If, after the Commissioner has issued a MPL Certificate which has not expired (see MPL Certificate), and the estimated cost of the development increases before the leviable planning permit application is made, the applicant must submit an Application for Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) Certificate (Revised) and pay the whole additional MPL amount to the Commissioner. This revised Application must state the increased estimated cost of the development and any other information required by the Commissioner.

MPL Certificate

- The Commissioner must issue a MPL Certificate if he is satisfied that the whole amount of the MPL has been paid in respect of the estimated cost of the development.
- Subject to section 96U(3) of the PEA, a MPL Certificate expires 180 days after the day on which it is issued.

Revised MPL Certificate

The Commissioner must issue a revised MPL Certificate if:

- the Commissioner has issued a MPL Certificate, which has not expired;
- the estimated cost of the development increases before the application for a leviable planning permit is made; and
- he is satisfied that the whole amount of the MPL has been paid in respect to the increased cost of the development.

The Commissioner may also issue a revised MPL Certificate to:

- correct any error in the information listed in the MPL Certificate (except the estimated cost of development as explained below), or
- the estimated cost of the development stated I the MPL Certificate is different from the estimated cost of the development stated I the Application for Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) Certificate lodged by the applicant.

A revised MPL Certificate expires on the later of 90 days after its issue date or the date on which the original MPL Certificate issued expires.

adjusted threshold amount for the following frence wear to be made availabled issue a revised certificate applied for after the for the sole purpose of enabling expiration of the 180-day validity period of the original MPL Certificate.

its consideration and efend of the same of

• The amount of MPL is \$1.30 for every \$1000 of the estimated cost of the development for which the leviable planning and Environment the equies is made no later than 30 days after the expiry of the levy • If the estimated cost of the development for which the devalue panning ust not be used take and vise certificate if there is one; and

permit is required is not a multiple of \$1000, the estim Retrosse twikich may break landyle planning permit application in respect of which the levy was paid has not been made; and;

The Commissioner is satisfied of one or more of the following grounds:

- there has been a mathematical error in calculating the amount of the levy in relation to the estimated cost of the development stated in the notice given to the Commissioner when applying for the MPL
- the applicant for the leviable planning permit application died before the application was made, and no other person is proceeding with the application.
- the relevant planning scheme was amended before the leviable planning permit application was made and because of the amendment, the authority must refuse to grant the permit.

Certificate number

- The Certificate number is on the top right corner on the front of this Certificate.
- Quoting this Certificate number will give you access to information about this Certificate and enable you to enquire about your application by phone.
- You should quote this number in any correspondence.

For more Metropolitan Planning Levy information please contact the State Revenue Office:

Mail

State Revenue Office, GPO Box 4376, MELBOURNE VIC 3001 or DX260090 Melbourne

Internet www.sro.vic.gov.au **Email** mpl@sro.vic.gov.au Phone 13 21 61 (local call cost) 03 9628 6856



PIAN

