

PLANNING PERMIT

Permit No.:	PA2302154
Planning scheme:	Ararat Planning Scheme
Responsible authority:	Minister for Planning
ADDRESS OF THE LAND:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Crown Allotment 19B Parish of Eversley• Lot 12 on Title Plan 849291N• Lot 2 on Plan of Subdivision 525779B• Pyrenees Highway• Landsborough-Elmhurst Road

THE PERMIT ALLOWS:

Planning scheme clause No.	Description of what is allowed
	<i>Development of land (works) and removal of native vegetation</i>
35.07-4	Buildings and works.
42.01-2	Construct or carry out works. Remove, destroy or lop any vegetation, including dead vegetation.
52.17-1	Remove, destroy or lop native vegetation, including dead vegetation.

THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS APPLY TO THIS PERMIT:

Compliance with documents approved under this permit

1. At all times what the permit allows must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of any document approved under this permit to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.

Commencement

2. This permit will operate from the issued date of this permit.

Native Vegetation Offsets

3. To offset the removal of native vegetation, the permit holder must secure a native vegetation offset in accordance with the *Guidelines for the removal, destruction or lopping of native vegetation* (DELWP 2017), the permit holder must secure the following offset:

Date issued: 1 May 2024

Signature for the responsible authority:



Planning and Environment
Regulations 2015

Form 4

Sections 63, 64, 64A and 86

A general offset of 0.032 general habitat units which must meet the following criteria:

- The offset must be located within the Wimmera Catchment Management Authority boundary or the Ararat Rural City Council area and
- With a minimum strategic biodiversity value of at least 0.362.

The offset(s) secured must also protect 3 large trees.

4. Before any native vegetation is removed, evidence of offset security must be provided to the satisfaction of the Department of Transport and Planning. This evidence must be credit extract(s) allocated to the permit from the Native Vegetation Credit Register.
5. A copy of the offset evidence will be endorsed by the Department of Transport and Planning and form part of this permit. Within 30 days of endorsement of the offset evidence, a copy of endorsed offset evidence must be provided to PEA.energyproject@delwp.vic.gov.au

Permit Expiry

6. This permit will expire if:
 - a) The development is not commenced within three years of the date of this permit;
 - b) The development is not completed within six years of the date of this permit.

In accordance with section 69 of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987*, the Responsible Authority may extend:

- The commencement date referred to if a request is made in writing before the permit expires or within six months afterwards.
- The completion date referred to if a request is made in writing within twelve months after the permit expires and the development started lawfully before the permit expired.

Date issued: 1 May 2024

Signature for the responsible authority:



Planning and Environment
Regulations 2015

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PERMIT

WHAT HAS BEEN DECIDED?

The responsible authority has issued a permit

CAN THE RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY AMEND THIS PERMIT?

The responsible authority may amend this permit under Division 1A of Part 4 of the **Planning and Environment Act 1987**.

WHEN DOES A PERMIT BEGIN?

A permit operates:

- from the date specified in the permit; or
- if no date is specified, from—
 - i. the date of the decision of the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal, if the permit was issued at the direction of the Tribunal; or
 - ii. the date on which it was issued, in any other case.

WHEN DOES A PERMIT EXPIRE?

1. A permit for the development of land expires if—
 - the development or any stage of it does not start within the time specified in the permit; or
 - the development requires the certification of a plan of subdivision or consolidation under the **Subdivision Act 1988** and the plan is not certified within two years of the issue of the permit, unless the permit contains a different provision; or
 - the development or any stage is not completed within the time specified in the permit, or, if no time is specified, within two years after the issue of the permit or in the case of a subdivision or consolidation, within five years of the certification of the plan of subdivision or consolidation under the **Subdivision Act 1988**.
2. A permit for the use of land expires if—
 - the use does not start within the time specified in the permit, or if no time is specified, within two years after the issue of the permit; or
 - the use is discontinued for a period of two years.
3. A permit for the development and use of land expires if—
 - the development or any stage of it does not start within the time specified in the permit; or
 - the development or any stage of it is not completed within the time specified in the permit, or, if no time is specified, within two years after the issue of the permit; or
 - the use does not start within the time specified in the permit, or, if no time is specified, within two years after the completion of the development; or
 - the use is discontinued for a period of two years.
4. If a permit for the use of land or the development and use of land or relating to any of the circumstances mentioned in section 6A(2) of the **Planning and Environment Act 1987**, or to any combination of use, development or any of those circumstances requires the certification of a plan under the **Subdivision Act 1988**, unless the permit contains a different provision—
 - the use or development of any stage is to be taken to have started when the plan is certified; and
 - the permit expires if the plan is not certified within two years of the issue of the permit.
5. The expiry of a permit does not affect the validity of anything done under that permit before the expiry.

WHAT ABOUT REVIEWS?

- The person who applied for the permit may apply for a review of any condition in the permit unless it was granted at the direction of the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal, in which case no right of review exists.
- An application for review must be lodged within 60 days after the permit was issued, unless a notice of decision to grant a permit has been issued previously, in which case the application for review must be lodged within 60 days after the giving of that notice.
- An application for review is lodged with the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal.
- An application for review must be made on the relevant form which can be obtained from the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal, and be accompanied by the applicable fee.
- An application for review must state the grounds upon which it is based.
- A copy of an application for review must also be served on the responsible authority.
- Details about applications for review and the fees payable can be obtained from the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Date issued: 1 May 2024

Signature for the responsible authority:



OFFICIAL