Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) Certificate



Mentone Grammar School

63 Venice Street

Mentone

PART 1 - APPLICANT DETAILS

Details of person who applied for this Certificate:

Name: Mentone Grammar School

Address: 63 Venice Street Mentone This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any convright

Certificate Number: MPLCERT18793

8 November 2021

Issue Date: 10 August 2021

Expiry Date:

PART 2 - LEVIABLE LAND DETAILS

Address of land to which the Metropolitan Planning Levy applies:

Street Address: 75-77 Naples Road

Mentone VIC 3194

Formal Land Description:

Vol/Folio:

Lot/Plan: 1 / TP434611L

Block/Subdivision:

Crown Reference:

Other: 33-35 Warrigal Road 37 Warrigal Road Lot 1 Plan of Subdivision 26716, Lot 3 Plan of Subdivision 26716, Lot 4 Plan of Subdivision 26716

Municipality: Kingston City Council

Estimated Cost of Development: \$30,006,918

PART 3 - MPL PAYMENT DETAILS

MPL Application ID: MPL18793

MPL Paid: \$39,009.10

MPL Payment Date: 28 June 2021

ADVERTISED PLAN

PART 4 - CERTIFICATION

The Commissioner of State Revenue confirms that the whole of the amount of the MPL has been paid in respect of the estimated cost of development.

Paul Broderick Commissioner of State Revenue

PART 5 – EXPLANATORY NOTES

General

- The Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) is imposed for the privilege of making a leviable planning permit application.
- A leviable planning permit application is an application made to a
 responsible authority or planning authority under sections 47 and 96A of
 the *Planning and Environment Act 1987* (PEA) for a permit required for
 the development of land in metropolitan Melbourne, where the
 estimated cost of the development for which the permit is required
 exceeds the threshold amount (see MPL threshold amount).
- As a statutory requirement of making a leviable planning permit application, the applicant must give the responsible authority or planning authority a current MPL Certificate. The estimated cost of development stated in the MPL Certificate must be equal to or greater than the estimated cost of the development stated in the leviable planning permit application. If an applicant fails to comply with this requirement, the application for the leviable planning permit is void.
- The applicant for the leviable planning permit application is liable for the MPL.
- The Commissioner of State Revenue (Commissioner) has the general administration of the MPL.

MPL threshold amount

- The threshold amount is \$1 million for the 2015-2016 financial year.
- For the financial year beginning on 1 July 2016 and each subsequent financial year, the Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) adjusted threshold amount will be calculated in accordance with section 96R of the PEA.
- On or before 31 May each year, the Commissioner must publish the CPT adjusted threshold amount for the following fir ancial year on the SRO website.

How MPL is calculated

- incial year on the SRO issued. This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration andheeniewicaenstance under which a person who has paid a MPL is
- The amount of MPL is \$1.30 for every \$1000 of the espineted for planning process entry is where there has been a mathematical error in development for which the leviable planning permit **Planning and Environment** of the MPL by reference to the estimated cost
- If the estimated cost of the development for which the estimated cost of the development stated in the original or revised Application for permit is required is not a multiple of \$1000, the estimated cost is to be rounded up or down to the nearest \$1000 (and if the amount by which it is rounded is \$500, it is to be rounded up).

Notification and Payment of MPL to the Commissioner

- Before making a leviable planning permit application, the applicant must submit a completed Application for Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL)
 Certificate and pay the whole MPL amount to the Commissioner. This Application must state the estimated cost of the development and any other information required by the Commissioner.
- If, after the Commissioner has issued a MPL Certificate which has not expired (see MPL Certificate), and the estimated cost of the development increases before the leviable planning permit application is made, the applicant must submit an Application for Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) Certificate (*Revised*) and pay the whole additional MPL amount to the Commissioner. This revised Application must state the increased estimated cost of the development and any other information required by the Commissioner.

Certificate number

- The Certificate number is on the top right corner on the front of this Certificate.
- Quoting this Certificate number will give you access to information about this Certificate and enable you to enquire about your application by phone.
- You should quote this number in any correspondence.

For more Metropolitan Planning Levy information please contact the State Revenue Office:

Mail	Internet	www.sro.vic.gov.au
State Revenue Office, GPO Box 4376, MELBOURNE VIC 3001 or DX260090 Melbourne	Email	mpl@sro.vic.gov.au
	Phone	13 21 61 (local call cost)
	Fax	03 9628 6856



MPL Certificate

- The Commissioner must issue a MPL Certificate if he is satisfied that the whole amount of the MPL has been paid in respect of the estimated cost of the development.
- Subject to section 96U(3) of the PEA, a MPL Certificate expires 90 days after the day on which it is issued.

Revised MPL Certificate

- The Commissioner must issue a revised MPL Certificate if:
 - the Commissioner has issued a MPL Certificate, which has not expired;
 - the estimated cost of the development increases before the application for a leviable planning permit is made; and
 - he is satisfied that the whole amount of the MPL has been paid in respect of the increased estimated cost of the development.
- The Commissioner may also issue a revised MPL Certificate to:
 - Correct any error in the information listed in the MPL Certificate (except the estimated cost of development as explained below), or
 - the estimated cost of the development stated in the MPL Certificate is different from the estimated cost of the development stated in the Application for Metropolitan Planning Levy (MPL) Certificate lodged by the applicant.

• A revised MPL Certificate expires 90 days after the day on which it is

