30.07.2024 Ark Resources File No. 1714A Sustainable Management Plan 101 Cremorne Street, Cremorne PLAN 101 Cremorne Street, Cremorne

Contents

	1.0	Introduction	3
	2.0	Site Description	5
	3.0	Key ESD Initiatives	7
	4.0	NABERS Energy Rating	8
availahle	5.0	MUSIC Modelling	9
ing	6.0	Green Star Building	11
as	7.0	Conclusion	13

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Appendices

Appendix A.	Green Star Building Pathway	14
Appendix B.	NABERS Summary Results	26
Appendix C.	MUSIC Modelling	49
Appendix D.	WSUD Maintenance Manual	53
Appendix E.	Solar Photovoltaics	56
Appendix F.	Site Management Plan	58

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1.0 Introduction

Ark Resources has been engaged by Bayley Stuart to provide advice in relation to environmentally sustainable development outcomes from the proposed development at 101 Cremorne Street, Cremorne.

The proposed commercial development at 101 Cremorne Street, Cremorne has been designed to meet Clauses 15.01-2S & 15.01-2L (Building Design), 15.01-2L-01 (Environmentally Sustainable Development) and 53.18 (Stormwater Management) of the City of Yarra Planning Scheme. This report demonstrates how the development meets the policy objectives of these Clauses. This report contains a summary of:

- Environmental objectives adopted for the development
- Sustainable design initiatives integrated into the design of the project.

Performance outcomes in this report are based on:

- Discussions and correspondence with

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Architectural drawings prepared by CHT Architects set out below.

Cover Sheet	TP0.00	С	25.06.2024
Site Plan Existing	TP0.01	С	25.06.2024
Existing & Demolition Plan	TP0.02	С	25.06.2024
Site Plan Proposed	TP0.03	С	25.06.2024
Level B2	TP1.01	С	25.06.2024
Level B1	TP1.02	С	25.06.2024
Level 00	TP1.03	С	25.06.2024
Level 01	TP1.04	С	25.06.2024
Level 02	TP1.05	С	25.06.2024
Level 03	TP1.06	С	25.06.2024
Level 04	TP1.07	С	25.06.2024
Level 05	TP1.08	С	25.06.2024
Level 06	TP1.09	С	25.06.2024
Level 07	TP1.10	С	25.06.2024
Level 08	TP1.11	С	25.06.2024
Level 09	TP1.12	С	25.06.2024
Level 10	TP1.13	С	25.06.2024
Level 11	TP1.14	С	25.06.2024
Roof Level	TP1.15	С	25.06.2024
West Elevation - Cremorne St	TP2.00	С	25.06.2024
North Elevation - Kelso St	TP2.01	С	25.06.2024
East Elevation	TP2.02	С	25.06.2024
South Elevation	TP2.03	С	25.06.2024
Section A	TP3.001	С	25.06.2024
Section B	TP3.002	С	25.06.2024

Section C	TP3.003	С	25.06.2024
Shadow Diagrams - Proposed	TP4.00	С	25.06.2024
Shadow Diagrams - Proposed	TP4.01	С	25.06.2024

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2.0 Site Description

The building comprises the following uses:

- Commercial tenancies with a total NLA of approximately 11,513,m²; and
- Located within the City of Yarra
- Site area 1,749m² (approximately)
- Surrounds predominantly commercial use

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A plan of the roof terrace level of the proposed development is provided below.

An image of the site and the surrounding locale is provided on the following page.





3.0 Key ESD Initiatives

A detailed analysis has been undertaken in order to nominate the ESD initiatives required and confirm the performance outcomes achieved. The results of this analysis are set out in the remainder of this report.

The following key sustainable design initiatives have been incorporated into this project: An assessment of sustainable design outcomes of the proposed development has been undertaken with Green Star Buildings, NABERS and MUSIC benchmarking tools. The information presented in this report demonstrates that:

Energy Commitment to 100% Green Power	TransportThis copied documen for the sole purElectric vehicle chargeElectric vehicle chargeinfrastructurepart of a planning Planning and EnviThe document must purpose which	t to be made available Green Star Buildings pose of enabling on aliderdeice opponent achieve a certified process wide Buildings performance ironite Made 1987. t not be used for any may breach any	NABERS Energy A Commitment Agreement will be in place to achieve NABERS Energy rating of:
	¢U copy	5.0 star	5.5 star
Water	Performance	Dauliaht	Stormwater
Rainwater harvesting system for toilet flushing	High-performance glazing and energy efficient building services, appliances and fixtures	The project meets the Green Star Building Daylight standard	The development meets the Best Practice standard for stormwater quality.
505	X	69%	(\diamond)

The NABERS for Office Base-Building energy simulation results are broken down in the table below:

Total Electricity Use	Total Natura	L Gas Use		NABERS rating (estimated)
295	_			6.0
MWh/ year	MJ/ year	This copied document to	be made available	stars
PV output	Total Energy	Use with PV. offset its consideration an	e of enabling Energy intensity of the nd review as building as modelled	NABERS rating with half star margin
		Planning and Environ	ment Act 1987.	(estimated)
28	26	The document must not purpose which may copyrigh	t be used for any breach any it	5.5
MWh/ year	MWh/ year		kWh/m²/year	stars

The energy intensity of the building as modelled is 24 kWh/m² which equates to 6.0 stars. At this initial stage of design development, it is appropriate to reduce this value by a half star modelling margin. Refer to Appendix B for summary of assumptions.

There is likely to be potential for cost-effective reduction of energy consumption of common area lighting, fans, pumps etc.

Daylight modelling has been undertaken to determine internal daylight levels within the proposed office development.

Results of daylight assessment are based on the Green Star Buildings standard for daylight modelling to commercial areas as follows:

 40% of total space floor area to have a spatial daylight autonomy greater than 160 Lux for 80% of daylight hours (8am – 6pm), applicable to all commercial spaces. Minimum of 20% of each space floor area must have a spatial daylight autonomy greater than 160 Lux for 80% of daylight hours.

The modelling results and software input assumptions are provided in Appendix G.

The extrapolated results of the daylight modelling confirms that:

Commercial areas meet the Green Star Buildings standard

69%

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6.0 MUSIC Modelling

To assess the quality of stormwater runoff from the site, an analysis has been undertaken using MUSIC Modelling software.

The proposed development exceeds the pollutant load reduction targets set out in the Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines (BPEMG)

Reduction in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) load:	Reduction in Total Phosphorus (TP) load:
96.4%	87.9%
Reduction in Total Nitrogen (TN) load:	Reduction in Gross Pollutants (GP) load:
88.2%	99.8%

The results indicate that the project meets the criteria for Exceptional Performance for both the flow reduction, and pollutant (particulate and nutrient) reduction requirements of Green Star Buildings credit 39 Waterway Protection.

Refer to Section 5.0 and Appendix C for the MUSIC rating assumptions and results and Appendix D for the WSUD Maintenance Manual.

A rainwater harvesting system will be installed comprising:

- Rainwater harvesting from all roof and terrace areas (approx. 1,505m²):
- Filtration and treatment of all rainwater prior to draining into the tank
- Total storage volume of 50kL rainwater tanks
- Re-use of captured water for flushing of all toilets

In addition to the harvesting and re-use of rainwater, the following features will be incorporated into the proposed design to facilitate treatment of stormwater runoff:

A Rocla CDS Nipper gross pollutant trap (or equivalent primary treatment device) located near stormwater Legal Point of Discharge to capture suspended solids and litter generated onsite.

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The Green Star Buildings (v1 Rev B) tool has been used as a benchmarking framework for the proposed scheme and demonstrates that the development has the preliminary design potential to achieve a 5 Star standard.

A detailed Green Star assessment has been undertaken to confirm the credits achievable by the proposed scheme.

The initiatives which contribute to the 5 Star Green Star Buildings rating are detailed in Section 7.1 and Appendix A below.

Please note that this analysis is based on the best information currently available in relation to the technical and commercial feasibility of the initiatives proposed. Further investigation will be undertaken during design development which may result in change to the package of initiatives specified in order to meet the 5 Star Green Star standard.

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Green Star Building Rating

5 star

Total Points Targeted

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39 pts

Note that a minimum of 35 points must be achieved for a 5 star Green Star Buildings rating to be achieved. A points margin of 10% has been incorporated into the pathway presented in this report as a contingency to allow for the inevitable change to the pathway inclusive of attrition which typically occurs during the detailed design and construction phases. This does not imply that the applicant commits to delivering more than the points required for the rating targeted.

Credit		Target		Points	26	Life Cycl	e Impacts		
1	Inductry Dovelopment	Cradit Appiquement		1	27	Moveme	nt and Place	Credit Achievement	3
				-	28	Enjoyabl	e Places		
2	Responsible Construction	Credit Achievement		1	29	Contribu	tion to Place		
3	Verification and Handover	Credit Achievement		1	30	Culturo	Haritago and		
4	Operational Waste	Minimum Expectation			00	Identity	lentage and		
5	Responsible Procurement				31	Inclusive	Construction	Credit Achievement	1
6	Responsible Structure					Practice	S		
7	Responsible Envelope				32	Indigeno	us Inclusion		
8	Responsible Systems	r			33	Procurer	nent and		
9	Responsible Finishes		Th:	against deaumont	to-bo mada	WORKTOR			
10	Clean Air	Minimum Expectation	-1 1115	for the sole purp	ose of enabl	a Definition de ing	or Inclusion	Credit Achievement	2
11	Light Quality	Minimum Expectation		its consideration	n and review	Impacts	to Nature	Credit Achievement	2
12	Acoustic Comfort	Credit Achievement	PI PI	art of a plann ing j l a nning and Envir	process under onment Act	1987.	ity Enhancement		
13	Exposure to Toxins	Minimum Expectation	The	e document must	not be used	Nature C for any	onnectivity		
14	Amenity and Comfort	Credit Achievement		² convr	naýðreach a •ight	Mature S	tewardship		
15	Connection to Nature	Credit Achievement		1	10	Waterwa	y Protection	Exceptional Performance	4
16	Climate Change Resilience	Credit Achievement		1	40	Market I	ransformation		4
17	Operations Resilience	Credit Achievement		2	41	Leaders	nip Challenges	Credit Achievement	1
18	Community Resilience				Refer to Ap	oendix A f	or details of credit r	equirements	
19	Heat Resilience	Credit Achievement		1					
20	Grid Resilience								
21	Upfront Carbon Emissions	Credit Achievement		3				DTICED	
22	Energy Use	Credit Achievement		3			ADVE	EKIISED	
23	Energy Source	Exceptional Performanc	e	6			P	LAN	
24	Other Carbon Emissions	Credit Achievement		2					
25	Water Use	Minimum Expectation							

101 Cremorne Street, Cremorne

8.0 Conclusion

This report provides details of a comprehensive package of sustainable design features which will be integrated into the design and specification of the proposed commercial development in order to improve environmental outcomes during occupation.

In terms of performance outcomes, the analysis presented in this report demonstrates that the proposed development will:

- attain a certified 5 star Green Star standard based on the Buildings rating tool (V1 Rev B);
- achieve a NABERS Energy 5.5 star rating via the formal *Commitment Agreement* process;
- attain the Best Practice standard for urban stormwater quality

Accordingly, the sustainable design outcomes from the proposed development are considered to be consistent with the objectives of Clauses 15.01-2S & 15.01-2L (Building Design), 15.01-2L-01 (Environmentally Sustainable Development) and 53.18 (Stormwater Management) of the City of Yarra Planning Scheme. Please note that this analysis is based on the best information currently available in relation to the technical and commercial feasibility of the initiatives proposed. Further investigation will be undertaken during design development which may result in change to the package of initiatives specified in order to meet the 5 star Green Star Buildings

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Green Star

The combination of design features and services initiatives meets all the standards for a Green Star Building Rating of:

5 star

NABERS Energy

A Commitment Agreement will be in place to achieve NABERS Energy rating of:

5.5 star

Best Practice

The development meets the Best Practice standard for stormwater Quality

The key design elements and processes which underpin the preliminary Green Star rating are summarised in the table below. The design attributes will be incorporated into the design in accordance with the technical criteria for each credit set out in the Green Star Buildings Technical Manual (v1 Revision B, 10 December 2021).

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
1 Industry Development	The building owner or developer appoints a Green Star Accredited Professional (GSAP).		Strategy Brief
The development facilitates industry transformation through partnership, collaboration, and data sharing	 The building owner or developer discloses the cost of sustainable building practices to the GBCA. The project team must complete, and include in the submission, the Green Star Financial Transparency disclosure template. The template requires and enables the project team to submit the cost of sustainable building practices of the project including design construction, and documentation to the GBCA. The building owner or developer markers the solicity presention and review as Provide information from the project of a planning presention must answer the submission form for a Green Star Case Study. The case study as set of the Sustainability initiatives that the building targeted to enable it being feature owners and enables it sustainability achievements to its stakeholders. The stakeholders are defined as the typical building occupants and will detail the sustainability achievements to its stakeholders. 	1	Concept Design Tender Construction Handover Use
2 Responsible	The builder must have an environmental management system (large builders will need to be IS014001 accredited).		Tender
Construction The builder's construction practices reduce impacts and promote opportunities for improved environmental and social outcomes	The site must have a project specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP). The EMP must be developed to cover the scope of construction activities to assist the head contractor and its service providers to manage environmental performance conditions and impacts arising from demolition, excavation, and construction. It must be implemented from the start of construction and include all works within the project scope. 80% of Construction and demolition waste must be recycled. The builder must have an environmental management system (large builders will need to be IS014001 accredited). Sustainability training is provided to construction workers. The head contractor must provide the following training:	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Construction

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
	 Information on the sustainable building certification(s) sought, including: the sustainability attributes of the building and their benefits the value of certification the role site worker(s) play in delivering a sustainable building 		
	with the Green Star Construction and Demolition Waste Reporting Criteria	1	
3 Verification and handover The building has been optimised and handed over to deliver a high level of performance in operation	The building is set up for optimum ongoing management due to its appropriate metering and monitoring systems. The building must have accessible energy and water metering for all common uses, major uses, and major sources. The meters must be connected to a monitoring system capable of capturing and processing the data produced by the meters. The monitoring system must accurately and clearly present the metered data and include reports on consumption trends for the automatic monitoring system. The building has set environmental before accessing to be made available of carticipations of the sole purpose of enabling in the sole purpose of enabling is consideration and review as the following and Environment Act 1987. Set environmental perform the following which may breach any copyright ADVERTISED During construction and practical completion: Commission the building Engage building tuning service provider The project team must perform the next 12 months The project team must perform the next 12 months The project team must perform the next 12 months The project team must perform the next 12 months The project team must perform the next 12 months The project team must perform the next 12 months The project team must perform the next 12 months The project team must provide operations and maintenance information to the facilities management team at the time of handover. Information is available to building users on how to best use the building. The project team must provide operations and maintenance information for all nominated building systems to the building owner (or designated representative). This means: Appropriate content for all nominated building systems has been developed and provided The appropriate content for all nominated building systems has been developed and provided The properiate output on the next completion the information they require to deliver best practice environmental outcomes	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Design Tender Construction Handover Use

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
	 Guidance on keeping information up to date is provided to the facilities management team in these documents 		
	An independent level of verification is provided to the commissioning and tuning activities through the involvement of an independent commissioning agent. or The project uses a soft landings approach that involves the future facilities management team.	1	
4 Operational Waste Operational waste can be separated and recovered in a safe and efficient manner The building must have appropriate spaces for waste management and an appropriately sized loading dock	The building is designed for the collection of separate waste streams. The building must provide bins or storage containers to building occupants to enable them to separate their waste. These bins must be labelled and easy to access, and evenly distributed throughout the building. They must also allow for separating the following as a minimum: - General waste going to landfill - Recycling streams to be collected by the building's waste collection service, including: · paper and cardboard · glass · plastic - One additional waste stream identified building and Environment Act 1987, · organics, e-waste, batteri d betice and addequate building must not be used for any The building provides a dedicated and addequate all bins or containers, for all applicable waste streams must be provided. The storage area must be sized to accommodate all bins or containers, for all applicable waste streams, for at least one collection cycle. The building ensures safe and efficient access to waste storage areas for both occupants and waste collection contractors. A waste specialist and/or contractor must sign-off on the designs to confirm they are adequately sized and located for the safe and convenient storage and collection of the waste streams identified.	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Design Handover Use
10 Clean Air Pollutants entering the building are minimised, and a high level of fresh air is provided to ensure levels of indoor pollutants are maintained at acceptable levels	Non-residential building ventilation systems must be designed to comply with ASHRAE Standard 62.1:2013 or AS 1668:2012 (whichever is greater) regarding minimum separation distances between pollution sources and outdoor air intakes. All new and existing ductwork that serves the building must be cleaned prior to occupation in accordance with a recognised Standard. The building must be provided with at an adequate amount of outside air. The regularly occupied areas must be provided with good access to outdoor air, appropriate for the activities and conditions by using one of the following options:	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Design Tender Construction Handover Use

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
	 Where ventilation is by mechanical means, the building must provide outdoor air as per AS1668.2:2012 for the default occupancy. Where ventilation is by natural means, the building must meet natural ventilation requirements as per AS1668.4:2012. Where active heating or cooling is provided, a dedicated and controlled outside air path must be constructed and commissioned at a rate of at least 2.5L/s per bedroom and living space, with a minimum of 5L/s per unit. Outside air must be provided to each space that is heated or cooled. Point source pollutants must be exhausted directly outside (printers, kitchens). 		
11 Light Quality The building provides good daylight and its lighting is of high quality	 Lighting within the building meets minimum comfort requirements. Lighting within the building must meet the following requirements: All LED lighting installed has no observable effect as per the standard IEEE 1789-2015 Light sources must have a minimum Colour Rendering Index (CRI) 85 or higher Light sources must meet best practice illuminance levels for each task within each space type with a maintained illuminance that meets the levels recommended in AS/NZS 1680.1:2006 The maintained Illuminance values must achieve a uniformity of no less than that specified in Table 3.2 of AS/NZS 1680.1:2006, with a maintenance factor method as defined in AS/NZS 1680.4 All light sources must have a maximum of 3 MacAdam Ellipses deviation. Good lighting levels suitable for the typical tasks in each space are available. 	NIMUM EXPECTATION	Concept Design Tender
	 The building provides adequate levels of daylight. Ensures regularly occupied areas are in reasonable proximity to glazed façades, windows, or skylights Maximises daylight to spaces that prioritise learning, healing, and living: For apartments, how in 95% of all apartments, the living rooms and all bedrooms have access to a view and daylight. 	MII	

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Green Star Credit Project Outcomes					Cr	edit c	outcomes		Target	Project Stage
12 Acoustic Comfort The building provides acoustic comfort for building occupants	Internal noise levels to The Acoustic Comfor – A summary of th – The proposed po- within the buildi – Description of h	trom services and the outside is limited through an acoustic comfort strategy. rt Strategy is to include: ne Standards, legislation, guidelines, and other requirements that apply to the project erformance metrics for each of the Acoustic Comfort criteria relevant to the different uses ing and whether this exceeds minimum legislative or best practice guidelines how the design solution is intended to achieve the proposed performance metrics sea levels in the regularly occupied areas must be no greater than the upper range value.					MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Design Tender Construction Handover		
	Internal ambient nois relevant to the activit and/or Internal ambient nois relevant to the activit and/or The project must add Compliance can be d – Privacy – Sound insulation And/or The building minimise and/or Reverberation time in Reverberation Time' p	e levels ir ty type ir e levels ir ty type ir lress nois emonstra es impact the regu	n the ran n the ran n each se tran ated via P P P no [§ a no [§ a s	egularlı space egularlı space smissic for th its co art of lanning erdoete purpo ccupie	y occu as reco y occu as reco pon betw docu ne sole onsider a plann g and l anima g anima g anima a anima a a anima a a a a anima a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	pied are pried are pried are pommeno veen en nent to purpos ation a ning pr Environ aostato ich ma (AP2&Fig 107:2016	eas must be no greated ded in the current AS eas must be no greated ded in the current AS polosed spaces within the bemade available se of enabling and review as rocess under the anent Act 1987. A below the maximum below the maximum below the maximum below the maximum	er than the upper range value /NZS 2107:2016. er than the upper range value /NZS 2107:2016. In the regularly occupied area.	2	
	Project Type Upper	Horizon Minimum Minimum Internal Not Levels Levels	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Control Control	2/3 3/4 3/5 4/5 3/4 2/2 2/2 3/4 2/2 3/4 2/2	AD	VERTISED PLAN		

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes		Credit	outcomes		Target	Project Stage
13 Exposure to Toxins The building's occupants are not directly exposed to toxins in the spaces they spend time in	The building's paints adhesive At least 95% of internally app stipulated 'Total Volatile Orga Paints, Adhesives and Sealants Product category General purpose adhesives and sealants	es, sealants, and carpets ar lied paints, adhesives, seala nic Compounds (TVOC) Limi Max. Total Volatile Organic Compounds (TVOC) content in grams per litre (g/L) of ready to us product	e low in TVOC or non- ants (by volume) and ts' below.	toxic. carpets (by area) must meet		Design Tender Construction Handover
	Interior wall and ceiling paint, all sheen levels Trim, varnishes, and wood stains	<u> </u>	AD	VERTISED		
	Primers, sealers, and prep coats One and two pack performance coatings for floors Acoustic sealants, architectural sealant, waterproofing membranes and sealant, fire retardant sealants and adhesives Structural glazing adhesive, wood flooring and	65 This copied document to for the Sole purpo its consideration a part of a ₅ planning p <u>Planning and Enviro</u> The document must n	⁶⁵ s copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a ₅ planning process under the <u>Planning and Environment Act 1987.</u> he document must not be used for any			
	laminate adhesives and sealants Carpets Compliance option	purpoise which may breach any copyright				
	ASTM D5116	ASTM D5116 - Total VOC limit* ASTM D5116 - 4-PC (4- Phenylcyclohexene) *	limit* 0.5mg/m² per hour 0.05mg/m² per hour	<u> </u>		
	ISO 16000 / EN 13419	ISO 16000 / EN 13419 - TVOC at three days	0.5 mg/m ² per hour			
	ISO 10580 / ISO/TC 219 (Document N238)	ISO 10580 / ISO/TC 219 (Document N238) - TVOC at 24 hours	0.5mg/m ² per hour			
	The building's engineered wo Either no new engineered wo wood products meet specifie	od products are low in TVO od products are used in the ed formaldehyde emission li	C or non-toxic. e building, or at least t mits, as per the follow	95% (by area) of all engineered ving:		

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes		Cr	edit	outcomes			Target	Project Stage
	Test protocol	Emissions Limit / Unit of Measurement		Test protocol		Emissions Limit / Unit		
	AS/NZS 2269:2004, testing procedure AS/NZS 2098.11:2005 method 10 for Plywood	≤1mg/L		ASTM D5116 (applicable to high pressure laminat	ates and compact	<0.1 mg/mibr		
	AS/NZS 1859.1:2004 - Particle Board, with use of testing procedure AS/NZS 4266.16:2004 method 16	≤1.5 mg/L		Iaminates)	12410) applicable	su. r mg/m m		
	AS/NZS 1859.2:2004 - MDF, with use of testing procedure AS/NZS 4266.16:2004 method 16	≤1mg/L		to high pressure laminates and compact laminates	es	≤0.1 mg/m²hr (at 3 days)		
	AS/NZS 4357.4 - Laminated Veneer Lumber (LVL)	≤1mg/L		ASTM D6007		≤0.12mg/m³**		
	Japanese Agricultural Standard MAFF Notification No.701 Appendix Clause 3 (11) - LVL	≤1mg/L		ASTM E1333		≤0.12mg/m³***		
	JIS A 5908:2003- Particle Board and Plywood, with use of testing procedure JIS A 1460	≤1mg/L		EN /17-1 (also known as DIN EN /17-1) EN 717-2 (also known as DIN EN 717-2)		≤0.12mg/m ≤3.5mg/m²hr		
	JIS A 5905:2003 - MDF, with use of testing procedure JIS A 1460	≤1mg/L						
	JIS A1901 (not applicable to Plywood, applicable to high pressure laminates and compact laminates)	≤0.1 mg/m²hr*						
14 Amenity and Comfort The building provides internal amenities that improve occupant experience of using the building	Occupants are not exposed to have A comprehensive hazardous materia project site, in accordance with the The building has dedicated amenit room(s) must be accessible to all s lockers, and active facilities. Al and purposes must be provided (for ex	is copici ddutf ialsforring colo e refevent Eavin Patons to souch tamuno souch ampler podeding c	neint phepo onmar du 8 pa du 8	aterials in the swilding. seign end singny existing bu taland Work Health and Safe weight for the selection room, o weight for the selection room, o weight for the selection selection of the sobearch any a parent room ght	uildings or st fety (WHS) le or an exerci from bathroo e room(s) fo n).	ructures on the egislation. se room. The oms, showers, r its intended	2	Brief Concept Design Tender Handover Use
15 Connection to Nature The building fosters connection	At least 60% of regularly occupied All floor areas within 8m from a con	areas must hav npliant view me	e a cle et this	ear line of sight to a high qua s credit criterion.	ality interna	or external view.		Brief Concept Design
to nature for building occupants	Indoor plants must be provided in r totalling at least 500cm ² for every Project teams must provide a narra nature inspired design has been en or Occupants can interact with natur garden. At least 5% of the building's regula must be planted area (either vertic	regularly occup 15m² of the reg ative against a s nbedded from o e either inside t rly occupied ard al or horizontal	ied are ularly eet of c design the bui eas or).	eas. One or more plants in po- occupied spaces is required. design principles to show how concept stage. Iding, or externally through a land within the site boundar	ots with a so l. ow the proje a green faç ry (whicheve	il surface area ct's ambition for ade (or wall) or er is greater)	1	Tender Handover Use

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
16 Climate Change Resilience The building has been built to respond to the direct and indirect impacts of climate change	The project team completes the climate change pre-screening checklist. The project team communicates the building's exposure to climate change risks to the applicant	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Strategy Brief Concept Design
	Project-specific Climate Change Risk & Adaptation assessment undertaken during early schematic stage	1	
17 Operations Resilience The building can respond to acute shocks and chronic stresses that can affect its operations over time	The project team undertakes a comprehensive risk assessment of the acute shocks and chronic stresses likely to influence future building operations, including: - Failure of critical infrastructure (power, water and digital) - Health pandemic - Water security - Geological hazards (landsl - Direct attack (cyber and physical) - Ageing infrastructure - Rising cyber dependency - Increasing energy costs - Lack of transport accessibility and Environment Act 1987. - The building's design and future operational plan addresses any high or extreme system-level interdependency risks. - The building's design maintains a level of survivability and design purpose in a blackout. The building must then be designed to account for its design purpose and provide a measure of survivability for the likely occupants.	2	Strategy Brief Concept Design
19 Heat Resilience The building reduces its impact on heat island effect	 At least 75% of the whole site area comprises of one or a combination of strategies that reduce the heat island effect. The strategies that can be used to reduce the heat island are: Vegetation Green roofs Roofing materials, including shading structures, having the following: For roof pitched <15°- a three-year SRI of minimum 34 	1	Design Tender Construction
	 Unshaded hard-scaping elements with a three-year SRI of minimum 34 or an initial SRI of minimum 39 Hardscaping elements shaded by overhanging vegetation 		

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
21 Upfront Carbon Emissions The building's upfront carbon emissions from materials and products have been reduced and offset	The building's upfront carbon emissions are at least 10% less than those of a reference building, calculated using the Upfront Carbon Emissions calculator.	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Strategy Brief Concept Design
	The building's energy use is at least 20% less than a reference building, calculated using the Upfront Carbon Emissions calculator.		
	Where an existing building less than 30 years old has been fully or partly demolished for construction, an embodied carbon calculation must be done for the demolished portion and these emissions offset. Where the existing building is between 30 to 50 years old, the contribution must be calculated and discounted at 10% for every two additional years past year 30.	3	
22 Energy Use (Reference Pathway) The building has low energy consumption	The building has at least a 10%Lower energy consumption than one built to the National Construction Code 2019.Inis copied document to be made availablefor the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The document must not be used for anyNational Construction Code 2019.	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Brief Concept Design Tender
	The building has at least a 20% lower and register bight that the Advent in the National Construction Code 2019.	3	
23 Energy Source The building's energy comes from renewables	The building provides a Zero Carbon Action Plan. The Zero Carbon Action Plan must include a target date by when the building is expected to operate as fossil fuel free. The Zero Carbon Action Plan must cover all energy consumption, procurement, and generation and cannot rely on procuring renewable fuels as its only solution. It must also include infrastructure provided for tenants or future occupants such as gas installations for cooking.	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Brief Concept Design Tender
	100% of the building's electricity comes from renewable electricity	3	
	100% of the building's energy comes from renewables	3	
24 Other Carbon Emissions The building's emissions from refrigerants, upfront carbon, and remaining carbon sources are eliminated or offset	The building owner eliminates emissions from high global warming potential refrigerants. or The building owner offsets emissions from refrigerants.	2	Concept Design Tender Construction

ding installs efficient water fixtures: 5 star 4 star 5 star 3 star (<= 7.5 l/m) hers 5 star	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Design Tender Construction Use
e showers, lockers, and change rooms in the building ities are accessible, inclusive, and located in a safe and protected space	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Strategy Brief Concept Design Tender Construction
ding's access prioritise specing and includes bicucle parking facilities, as follows: secure bicycle spaces for the sole purpose of enabling le maintenance rack and foot its ronsideration and review as f EoT facilities including: o 9 showers, o 136 lockers Planning and Environment Act 1987. The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any nging area with benching & ironing facilities via 2 lifts. 2-way ramp also s of 1:10 or greater to incorporate minimum slip resistance classification of P5 in accordance with AS ble Transport Plan to be prepared and implemented.	3	
ing infrastructure: rgers to 5% of car spaces: 5 chargers (minimum 7kW capacity) harging to include load management supervisor hardware trical containment e.g. trunking/conduit installed to facilitate future installation of cabling supplying a her 20% of car spaces (20 spaces) t options that reduce the need for private fossil fuel powered vehicles are prioritised.		
	5 star 4 star 5 star 3 star (<= 7.5 l/m)	5 star 4 star 5 star 3 star (< 2.7.5 l/m)

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
31 Inclusive Construction Practices The builder's construction practices promote diversity and reduces physical and mental health impacts	There are provisions for providing gender appropriate facilities and personal protective equipment The head contractor also installs policies on-site to increase awareness and reduces instances of discrimination, racism, and bullying	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Strategy Brief Tender Construction
	The head contractor must show that they have introduced programs and solutions to address Physical and Mental Health of potential site workers and sub-contractors based on a needs analysis. The project must provide an evaluation report to the client and sub-contractors on the effectiveness of the program.	1	
34 Design for Inclusion The building is welcoming to a diverse population and is welcoming to their needs	The building's design and construction must be able to be navigated and enjoyed by stakeholders of diverse ages, genders, and physical and mental abilities. This applies to common spaces, bathroom facilities, and amenities provided within the building. This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as	2	Concept Design Tender Construction Handover Use
35 Impacts to Nature Ecological value is conserved and protected	The building was not built on, or significant y provide and review as The building was not built on, or significant y provide and Environment Act 1987. The building's light pollution has been minimised. All outdoor lighting on the project complies with AS/NZS4282:2019 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting There is ongoing monitoring, reporting, and managepying of the site's wetland ecosystem	MINIMUM EXPECTATION	Strategy Brief Concept Design
	The project team must demonstrate how they have attempted to understand their site's historical and current ecological context by documenting the site's current ecological values by type and biomass. This includes terrestrial and aquatic ecological values, geologic features, and soils (including interaction with living things). When determining biodiversity value, the project must reference local, regional, state, and national priorities and strategies.	2	

Green Star Credit Project Outcomes	Credit outcomes	Target	Project Stage
39 Waterway Protection Local waterways are protected,	J Protection The project demonstrates a reduction in average annual stormwater discharge (ML/yr) of 80% across the whole site (Refer to Appendix C.4 for discharge rates). ats of floading and		Concept Design Construction
drought are reduced	Specified pollution reduction targets are met (Refer to Section 5.0 and Appendix C for MUSIC modelling results and assumptions)		Handover
41a Leadership Challenge Climate Positive Pathway	Project meets a Leadership Challenge developed by the GBCA	1	
Total Green Star Points		39	
Green Star Rating		5 Star	

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B.1 Energy Simulation Model

Images of the energy simulation model used for the proposed building are shown below.

Figure 1 View of the 3D model from North-West

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Figure 2 View of the 3D model from South-East

B.2 Building Envelope Details and Assumptions

Energy modelling is based on the following building fabric performance specifications:

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B.2.1 Walls

		Added Insulation requirement	Modelled total system performance [1]	
External walls (m²K/W)	<u>Concrete External Wall</u> 90mm Bradford Gold Hi-performance insulation or equiv	R=2.5 or more to meet acoustic insulation requirements	Rt = 1.60	
	<u>Spandrel Panels</u> 75mm Bradford Gold Hi-performance insulation or equiv	R=2.0 or more to meet acoustic insulation requirements	Rt = 0.45	
Internal walls (m²K/W)	Insulated internal walls 75mm Bradford Gold Hi-performance insulation or equiv	R=2.0 or more to meet acoustic insulation requirements	Rt = 1.60	
[1] These are total system values a Refer to B.6 for Wall Insulation Ma	accounting for horizontal thermal rk-Up. rk-Up.	pose of enabling with NZS 4214: f2006), pr BRE 497 (2016). n and review as process under the ronment Act 1987.		
B.2.2 Roofs/soffits/flo	oors purpose which	may breach any		
	сору	right Added Insulution requirement	Modelled total system performance [1]	
External roofs (m²K/W)	<u>Concrete slab Roof system with suspended ceiling</u> 60mm Kooltherm K10 G2 Soffit Board or equivalent	R=2.75 or more to meet acoustic insulation requirements	Rt = 3.20	
	Solar reflective index (SRI) For roof pitched <15° – an initial SRI of minimum 82; modelled as a three-year SRI of 70	82	82	
Soffits (m²K/W)	<u>Separating conditioned and outside spaces</u> 50mm Kooltherm K10 G2 Soffit Board or equivalent	R=2.30 or more to meet acoustic insulation requirements	Rt = 2.60	
	Separating conditioned and internal non-conditioned e basement carparks and ancillary spaces 50mm Kooltherm K10 G2 Soffit Board or equivalent	e.g. R=2.30 or more to meet acoustic insulation requirements	Rt = 2.60	
Ground-bearing floor slabs	Conditioned space above: Load-bearing perimeter insu 1000mm wide	lation N/A	N/A	

(m²K/W)	Non-conditioned space above	None	None

[1] Modelled performances (Rt) are total system values accounting for horizontal thermal bridging in accordance with NZS 4214: (2006), or BRE 497 (2016).

Refer to B.5 for Soffit Insulation Mark-Up.

Any insulation types or products referenced or implied in this report are nominal only and do not imply fitness for purpose beyond energy performance considerations. All insulation materials used in a Class 2 to 9 building must also comply with the relevant non-combustibility requirements and fire hazard properties of the National Construction Code (NCC) and associated standards and regulations. The fire hazard properties of all materials should be confirmed independently with an appropriately qualified fire engineering professional prior to specification.

B.2.3 Shading

Shading from external shading devices and adjacent buildings have been incorporated into the simulation model.

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B.2.4 Fenestration

	Non-thermally broken frames	U-value W/m²K	SHGC (g-value)
	Frame – Aluminium non-thermally broken (whole of window system properties):		
	<u>Glazing for Ground Floor (GL-01)</u>		
	– Fixed glazing	3.0	0.58
	– Hinged/Sliding Doors	3.2	0.48
General glazing	<u>Glazing for Level 1 - 11 (GL-02)</u>		
	– Fixed glazing	3.0	0.23
	– Hinged/Sliding Doors	3.2	0.19
	Indicative DGU specification: low-e (centre-pane), Argon-filled cavities:		·
	– GL-01: 6mm Energy Advantage / 12mm Air / 6mm Clear (or equivalent)		
	– GL-02: 24mm Insulglass Max 564 Air (or equivalent)		

Whole-of-window energy performance shall be calculated by the glazing fabricator using LBNL THERM software v7 in accordance with AFRC modelling protocol. Modelling shall be done by a consultant approved by Ark Resources. Modelling report shall be submitted for review and comment before window fabrication.

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B.3 Infiltration Air Permeability

The building envelope shall achieve a maximum air permeability criterion of 7.5m3/h/m² of building envelope area at 50Pa test pressure.

Modelled average air infiltration in use is 5% of test pressure leakage, in accordance with CIBSE Guide A. This is calculated to be equivalent to 0.06 ach (air changes per hour)

Testing standards

Air pressure testing (blower door testing) shall be carried out by a member of the Air Tightness Testing and Measurement Association (ATTMA) or a testing member of the Air Infiltration and Ventilation Association of Australia (AIVAA).

Testing shall be carried out in accordance with AS/NZS ISO 9972:2015 'Thermal performance of buildings - Determination of air permeability of buildings - Fan pressurization method'.

Testing area requirements

The air permeability test may be carried out across a sample area, if not the whole building. For sample area testing, the test shall be carried out on either 5,000m² or 20% of the building's total envelope area, whichever is greater.

The sample areas tested must include the upper most occupied floor of the building, and be representative of the external envelope construction, including different façade types and building geometries, for the building as a whole.

Levels can be tested separately as compartments. For commercial buildings, compartment testing is acceptable where the individual compartments are greater than 1,000m².

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B.4 NABERS Reverse Calculators

NABERS Ene Reverse Calc	rgy and Water for Offices sulator	A constraints States A constraints States	ment.now.gov.au nabere.gov.au		NABERS Energy and Water for Reverse Calculator	Depression Planning, Hole and Environme Parameta Service Perrometa New Or Offices	ABERS T (12) 995 5000 Enabers @environ are 2100	rent.now.gov.au nabers.gov.au	
Version:	V22 Date:	Apr-23			Version: V22 D	ate: Apr-23			
The NABERS Ene water a building o factor of safety, a energy and water	ergy and Water for Offices reverse calculator helps you can use to achieve a star rating that you specify. To ens nd not design to the minimum figure for each star band allowed to be used to achieve the rating you nominate	calculate the maximum amousure you achieve the rating, you achieve the rating, you achieve the maximute.	unts of energy and ou should allow a ım amounts of		The NABERS Energy and Water for Off water a building can use to achieve a s factor of safety, and not design to the energy and water allowed to be used to	fices reverse calculator helps you calculate the star rating that you specify. To ensure you achi minimum figure for each star band. The output o achieve the rating you nominate.	e maximum amou leve the rating, yo s are the maximu	nts of energy and ou should allow a m amounts of	
Note: the reverse to 6 stars.	calculator provides targets in 0.1 star increments, but	NABERS only certifies 0.5 sta	r increments from 1		Note: the reverse calculator provides t to 6 stars.	argets in 0.1 star increments, but NABERS onl	y certifies 0.5 sta	r increments from 1	
1. ENTER THE	TYPE OF OFFICE BUILDING YOU ARE RATING				1. ENTER THE TYPE OF OFFICE B	BUILDING YOU ARE RATING			
	Base Building				E	Base Building			
2. ENTER THE S	STAR RATING YOU WISH TO ACHIEVE				2. ENTER THE STAR RATING YOU	J WISH TO ACHIEVE			<i>JFRTISED</i>
	5.5	5 STARS				6 STARS			DI ANI
	Δ	STARS		I his copied document	to be made availab	IE			PLAN
				its consideration	ose of enabling				
3 ENTER THE				nert of a planning	n and itevitew as	ATION			
Building Postcode			3121	Planning and Envir	n fuiling for the second se			3121	
Net Lettable Area of t Hours of servicing (hr	the building (m²) rs/week)		10,917.0 50.0	The document must	Net Lettable Area of the building (m ²)			10,917.0 50.0	
				purpose which n	nav breach anv				
Percentage Breakdov	wn of Energy Consumption:	Electricity (M. Gas (M.	I) 100% I)	copyr	Percentage Breakdown of Energy Consumptio	in:	Electricity (MJ) Gas (MJ)	100%	
		Diesel (M.	<u>n</u>				Diesel (MJ		
RESULTS					RESULTS				
N*	Benchmarking factor at selected rating	NA	kgCO ₂ -e/year		Benchmarking facto	or at selected rating	N/A	kgCO ₂ -e/year	
NABERS ENERGY	Maximum Benchmarking Emissions at 5.5 Star NAB	ERS Energy 441,452	kgCO ₂ -e/year		Maximum Benchma	rking Emissions at 6 Star NABERS Energy	294,302	kgCO ₂ -e/year	
	Reporting Emissions for this Office - Scope 1, 2 and	3 429,301	kgCO ₂ -e/year		Reporting Emission	as for this Office - Scope 1, 2 and 3	286,202	kgCO ₂ -e/year	
	Reporting Emissions for this Office - Scope 1 and 2	388,801	kgCO ₂ -e/year		Reporting Emission	is for this Office - Scope 1 and 2	259,202	kgCO ₂ -e/year	
	Benchmarking Emissions Intensity at 5.5 Star NABE	RS Energy 40.4	kgCO2-e/m².year		Benchmarking Emis	ssions Intensity at 6 Star NABERS Energy	27.0	kgCO2-e/m².year	
	Energy Intensity at 5.5 Star NABERS Energy	133.6	3 MJ/m².year		Energy Intensity at	6 Star NABERS Energy	89.0	MJ/m².year	
	Maximum Allowable Fuel Consumption	arget Max Electricity 405,001	kWh per annum		Maximum Allowable	Fuel Consumption	ricity 270,002	kWh per annum	
		Target Max Diesel -	L per annum			Target Max Target Max D	iesel -	L per annum	

Figure 3: NABERS Reverse Calculator 5.5 Stars: 133.6 MJ/m²/annum

Figure 4: NABERS Reverse Calculator 6.0 Stars: 89 MJ/m²/annum

B.5 Soffit Insulation Mark-Up

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Basement 1 Soffit Insulation Mark-up

Ground Floor Soffit Insulation Mark-up

Level 2 Soffit Insulation Mark-up

Level 3 Soffit Insulation Mark-up

Level 8 Soffit Insulation Mark-up

Level 9 Soffit Insulation Mark-up

PLAN

Level 10 Soffit Insulation Mark-up

Level 11 Soffit Insulation Mark-up

B.6 Wall Insulation Mark-Up

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Ground Floor Wall Insulation Mark-Up

Level 1 Wall Insulation Mark-Up

Level 2 Wall Insulation Mark-Up

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Level 3 Wall Insulation Mark-Up

Level 4-8 Wall Insulation Mark-Up

Level 10 Wall Insulation Mark-Up

Appendix C. MUSIC Modelling

C.1 MUSIC Schematic

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C.2 Rainwater Catchment Areas

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C.3 MUSIC Modelling Assumptions and Inputs

Area Name	Area [m ²]
Total Roof Areas to Rainwater Tank	552
All Terraces to Rainwater Tank	953
All Planters	130
Remaining Area	113
Total Site Area	1,749

Treatment Devices Features		
Rainwater Tank	50 kL	
Est. daily water demand for Toilet Flushing	4.206 kL/day	This copied document to be made ava
All toilets throughout Development		for the sole purpose of enabling
**Primary Treatment System1(Gross Pollutant Trap)	Rocla CDS Nipper (or equivalent)	its consideration and review as
		— part of a planning process under t

NOTES:

**Nutrient reduction (Phosphorous and Nitrogen) not attributed to GPT as per Melbourne Water MUSIC guidelines.

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C.4 MUSIC Results

Pollutant	MUSIC Model Results	Green Star Building Targets (Exceptional Performance)	Melbourne Water Targets
Reduction in Stormwater Discharge	88.1%	80.0%	-
Reduction in Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	96.4%	90.0%	80.0%
Reduction in Total Phosphorus (TP)	87.9%	70.0%	45.0%
Reduction in Total Nitrogen (TN)	88.2%	60.0%	45.0%
Reduction in Total Gross Pollutants	99.8%	95.0%	70.0%
Compliance with Project Targets		YES	YES

Rainfall data	
Rainfall Range & Station Name	B - Melbourne Airport (500-650mm)
10 Year Period	B - 1971-1980
Mean annual rainfall	B - 575mm
Evapotranspiration	B - 1041
Time step	6 minutes
Estimation method	Stochastically generated

Soil properties - Melbourne				
Soil store capacity	120mm			
Field capacity	50mm			

GPT Pollutant Removal Rates (Rocla CDS Nipper)						
Total Suspended Solids	70%					
Total Nitrogen	0%					
Total Phosphorous	0%					
Gross Pollutants	98%					
Validation report	CRC for Catchment Hydrology					

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Appendix D. WSUD Maintenance Manual

Rainwater Harvesting System Maintenance Program

Once installed, a systematic maintenance program will be implemented by the owner's corporation maintenance contractor to ensure the rainwater harvesting system operates as designed and water quality is maintained. The scope of the maintenance program will include inspection and rectification of issues associated with:

- Roof gutters and downpipes
- First flush screens and filtration devices
- Pumps
- Distribution pipework and reticulation systems
- Overflow systems

Inspections of the system and any maintenance works required will be undertaken on a quarterly basis or as per manufacturers guidelines.

The rainwater harvesting system will be installed in accordance with the guidelines set out in the Rainwater Design & Installation Handbook published by the National Water Commission¹. A schematic diagram of the rainwater tank installation is provided below.

Rainwater Tank Element	Inspection Item	Y/N	Likely Maintenance Task
Roof gutters and downpipes	Is there leaf litter or debris in the gutters?		Remove by hand and dispose responsibly
First flush diverter	Is there anything blocking the first flush diverter (Leaves etc.)?		Remove by hand and dispose responsibly
Potable mains back up device	Is the potable mains back up switch operating correctly?		Repair or replace devise. Consider a manual switching device.
Mesh cover	Has the mesh cover deteriorated or have any holes in is?		Replace mesh cover.
Tank volume	Is there large amounts of sediment or debris sitting in the bottom of the tank, reducing the volume available in the tank to store water?	available	Remove sediment and dispose responsibly.
Pump	Is the pump working effectively its available regular basis? Part of a planning process unc Planning and Environment Ac	7 as er the 1987.	Check the potable mains back up is not permanently on. Repair or replace pump.
Pipes and taps	Are pipes and taps leaking?The document must not be used purpose which may breach copyright	for any any	Repair as needed.
Overflow	Is the overflow clear and connected to the storm water network?		Remove blockages and/or restore connections to stormwater network.

Maintenance Frequency												
	J	F	М	А	Μ	J	J	А	S	0	Ν	D
All tasks	Х			Х			Х			Х		

Gross Pollutant Trap (GPT) Maintenance Program

Cleaning and maintenance will be carried out in accordance with the manufacturer's written guidelines. Maintenance requirements and frequencies are dependent on the pollutant load characteristics.

The scope of the maintenance program will include inspection and rectification of issues associated with:

- Manhole cover
- Inlet pipe
- Outlet

- Screening area
- Collection area

Inspections of the GPT and any maintenance works required will be undertaken as outlined as a guide in the maintenance schedule below. Manufacturer's guidelines will take precedence.

Maintenance Action

3-6 MONTHLY

- Check components for damage.
- Check that the inlet and outlet are free from debris or obstructions.
- Remove large floating pollutants.
- Measure sediment depth.

12-24 MONTHLY (or as guided by sediment depth)

- Removal of accumulated sediment and gross pollutants.
- Inspection of screen and cleaning if required.

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Once installed, a systematic maintenance program will be implemented by the landowner to ensure the GPT operates as designed and water quality is maintained.

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Appendix E. Solar Photovoltaics

During the construction phase, highefficiency solar PV modules with a total capacity of 23.7 kWp will be installed at roof level as per the preliminary layout indicated below.

PV modules should be oriented in pairs to the east and west at 10-15° tilt and have at least 440Wp capacity (i.e. over 33% more efficient than traditional 360Wp 60cell modules). High-efficiency modules deliver more compact arrays with inherently lower embodied ecological impact per unit of generation than standard efficiency modules.

The undulating east-west configuration prevents self-shadowing of the array and provides a low-profile installation with maximised packing factor. It also helps maximise self-consumption due to its flatter and broader power output yield profile.

Total yield of this array will be approximately 28 MWh per annum equating to an estimated annual carbon emissions offset of 25.7 tonnes CO2-e per annum.

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East facing array output

RESULTS

rint Results

13,955 kWh/Year*

Month	Solar Radiation (kWh/m ² /day)	AC Energy (kWh)
January	6.87	1,881
February	6.17	1,543
March	4.89	1,389
April	3.33	914
May	2.08	591
June	1.74	483
July	1.86	540
August	2.68	782
September	3.84	1,075
October	5.07	1,446
November	5.56	1,512
December	6.58	1,800
Annual	4.22	13,956

West facing array output

14,017 kWh/Year*

Month	Solar Radiation (kWh / m ² / day)	AC Energy (kWh)
January	6.97	1,916
February	6.32	1,583
March	4.86	1,377
April	3.32	904
Мау	2.10	599
June	1.76	488
July	1.84	530
August	2.62	758
September	3.88	1,085
October	5.05	1,435
November	5.69	1,549
December	6.56	1,795
Annual	4.25	14,019

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101 Cremorne Street, Cremorne

Appendix F. Site Management Plan

It is important to protect waterways into which stormwater systems drain into from various pollutants. The key pollutants at risk of entering the stormwater system during construction phase include:

- Sediments (soil, sand, gravel and concrete washings); and
- Litter, debris etc.

These pollutants arise from factors such as dirt from construction vehicles, stockpiles located close to surface runoff flow paths, and surface runoff from disturbed areas during earthmoving and construction works. It is therefore important to have measures that either prevent or minimise the pollutant loads entering stormwater system during construction. In order to mitigate the impacts of the above pollutants on the stormwater system, the following stormwater management strategies will be implemented during the construction phase as appropriate:

- Installation of onsite erosion and sediment control measures. All installed control measures shall be regularly inspected & maintained to ensure their effectiveness. Such measures may include (but not limited to):
 - Silt fences
 - sediment traps
 - hay bales
 - geotextile fabrics
- Where possible, litter bins with a lid will be used to prevent litter from getting blown away and potentially entering stormwater drains.

Additionally, the following work practices shall be adopted to reduce stormwater pollution:

- Site induction by the head contractor/ builder to make personnel aware of stormwater management measures in place
- Employ suitable measures to reduce mud being carried off-site into the roadways such as installing a rumble grid/ gravel/ crushed-rock driveway (or equivalent measure) to provide clean access for delivery vehicles, removing mud from vehicle tyres with a shovel etc.
- Safe handling and storage of chemicals, paints, oils and other elements that could wash off site to prevent them from entering stormwater drains.
- Where practicable, stockpiles will be covered, located within the site's fence and away from the lowest point of the site where surface runoff will drain to. This initiative will minimise erosion.

Accordingly, the measures presented above are considered appropriate for the proposed development at this stage of the project. The measures will reduce the pollutants entering stormwater system from the site during construction works thereby protecting waterways.

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Appendix G. Daylight Modelling Results and Assumptions

G.1 Results

Commercial Areas

Room	Level		Floor Area (m²)	GSB sDA 160, 80%
Tenancy 1	Ground		136.6	100
Tenancy 2	Ground		90	67
Tenancy 3	Ground	This copied	document to bergade available	25
Tenancy 4	Ground	its con	sole purpose of enabling sideration and review as	20
Office	Level 1	part of a	planning processounder the	29
Office	Level 3	Planning The docum	and Environment Act 1987.	99
Office	Level 4	purpo	se which may breach any	80
Clubhouse/Lounge	Level 9		copyright _{12.8}	93
Theatre	Level 9		92.8	100
Office	Level 10		520.4	96
Office	Level 11		391.9	96

Extrapolated Results

Total Floor Area (m²)	sDA 160, 80% (Area Weighted Average)
11,606.2	69

G.2 Model Images

IES Model view from North-West

IES Model view from South-East

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Ground Floor Tenancies sDA Contour Plot

PLAN

Level 1 Office sDA Contour Plot

Level 3 Office sDA Contour Plot

Level 4 Office sDA Contour Plot

Level 10 Office sDA Contour Plot

G.3 Assumptions

Assumed Glazing Visual Light Transmittance

Glazing Type	Visible Light Transmittance (VLT)
	%
Exterior glazing clear (Ground Floor)	70
Exterior glazing neutral/hue (L1-11)	40

Sky conditions: Perez Sky

Assumed Surface Reflectances

Construction Element	Reflectance (%)	Description
Floors	30	Light-coloured flooring
Internal Walls	70	Assumes white paint
Ceilings	80	Assumes white paint
External Fabric	40	Red brick
Adjacent Buildings	40	Medium colour finish
External Paving	40	Grass and light-coloured pavers
Roads	10	Tarmac

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