



#### **DAYLIGHT ANALYSIS REPORT**

Proposed School Redevelopment (New Administration Building and Alteration to Existing Building)

17 Regal Avenue Thomastown

This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright

FOR

### **CROSIER SCOTT ARCHITECTS**

18 June 2024

File 524A



#### **Table of Contents**

4 4
4
5
5
6
7
7
8
8
9

This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright



Issue	Date	Prepared by	Checked by	Status
Α	11 June 2024	JD	MD	Draft
Α	18 June 2024	JD	MD	Final

# ADVERTISED PLAN

This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright

The concepts and information contained in this document are the property of Northern Environmental Design Pty Ltd. Use or copying of this document in whole or in part without the written permission of Northern Environmental Design Pty Ltd constitutes an infringement of copyright. Information shall not be assigned to a third party without prior consent

Any enquiries regarding the use of this report should be directed to:

#### NORTHERN ENVIRONMENTAL Design PTY LTD

ABN 811 621 207 92 ACN 162 120 792 155 Cameron Parade Watsonia North VIC 3087 Australia

M: 0401 231 476 W: nedesign.net.au E: info@nedesign.net.au

## 1. Executive Summary

This report has been developed to demonstrate that proposed school redevelopment receives adequate daylight penetration based on daylight modelling undertaken by Northern Environmental Design Pty Ltd.

The daylight modelling was performed using the energy modelling program DesignBuilder. Daylight modelling to new administration building and school alteration have been undertaken.

### 2. Introduction

## ADVERTISED PLAN

Northern Environmental Design has been engaged by Crosier Scott Architects to perform daylight modelling in relation to the proposed school redevelopment at 17 Regal Avenue, Thomastown.

This report was based on plans prepared by Crosier Scott Architects:

Drawing No.	Description		Revision	Date
A000	Cover sheet			May 2024
A001	Existing site conditions			May 2024
A002 -004	Proposed site plan			May 2024
A100	Proposed slab setout	plan		May 2024
A102	Proposed floor and fir	ished plan		May 2024
A103	Proposed ceiling and	roof plan		May 2024
A105	Wall sections			May 2024
A106	Typical details	Typical details		
A120-125	Proposed internal det	ails	May 2024	
A124	Proposed sections	This copied document to be m		e May 2024
A125	Proposed elevations	for the sole purpose of e its consideration and re	eview as	May 2024
A130	Window and door sch	part of a planning process edulplanning and Environment	under the t Act 1987.	May 2024
A105	Wall sections	The document must not be upurpose which may bre	used for any	May 2024
A200	Existing/Demolition pl		acii any	May 2024
A201	Proposed floor plan	oposed floor plan		
A202	Existing/Demolition ceiling plan			May 2024
A203	Proposed ceiling plan			May 2024
A204	Existing/Demolition & proposed roof plan			May 2024
A205	Existing/Demolition & proposed elevations			May 2024
A206	Proposed sections			May 2024
A220	Proposed internal elevation			May 2024
A230	Window and door schedule			May 2024

- Discussions and correspondence with:
  - Crosier Scott Architects

## 3. Modelling Methodology

The modelling has been undertaken in the 3-dimensional daylight and energy modelling program DesignBuilder. This program makes use of location and orientation data, building fabric reflectance and absorption values, and glazing transmission values and then models not only the impact of direct light through windows but also reflections and inter-reflections between rooms within the building. The 3D building model was built using DesignBuilder.

The investigation has been undertaken with the modelling parameters set out by the Green Star daylight guide created by the Green Building Council of Australia and Moreland Design Code

The calculation method for daylight outlined in this guide is applicable to the following Green Star rating tools:

Greens Star – Design & As-Built V1.2

Daylight levels of the proposed development have been investigated to ensure good indoor environment quality for the occupants based on Best practice standard by the BESS IEQ Credits 1.4 for non-residential tenancies. Therefore, this requires the development to:

#### Non-Residential Areas

"Achieve a minimum daylight factor of 2% Daylight modelling is required to demonstrate compliance with this credit. Points are awarded as follows:

30% floor area achieves the daylight factor (33% score)

60% of floor area achieves the daylight factor (66% score)

90% of floor area achieves the daylight factor (100% score)

Green Star requires that the modelling be undertaken making use of a uniform design sky that measurements be taken at floor level, and that average cleanliness of windows be taken into account. There are several modelling parameters listed in Green Star technical manual that have been used in this analysis. These are listed below:

# 4. Modelling Parameters

This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the

Design criteria	Modelling Parameters	Notes Notes The document must not be used for any
Weather data and sky conditions	Region: Melbourne Sky conditions used: Uniform design sky Sky Lux for Melbourne: 10000 Lux	purpose which may breach any copyright
Visual transmittance of glazing	Glazing type: Single glazed Low-e VLT: 0.42	Dirt can give a further 5% reduction in VLT with normal cleaning in an urban setting. Reductions in VLT due to dirt do not need to be included for the purposes of a Green Star Daylight assessment.
Light reflectance values of internal surfaces	Floor: 0.3 Walls: 0.5 Ceiling: 0.6	
Overshadowing requirements	Overshadowing have been incorporated in the modelling	External shadings include buildings, fence, and any other solid structure.

Please note that modelling is undertaken with a Uniform Design Sky and thus the time of year is irrelevant for this type of modelling. This modelling does not take into account the time of day or time of year as this would yield misleading results, whereas with a uniform design sky results are deemed to be based on the average amount of light that is received during daylight hours in Melbourne (10,000 lux) year round.



## 5.3D Model

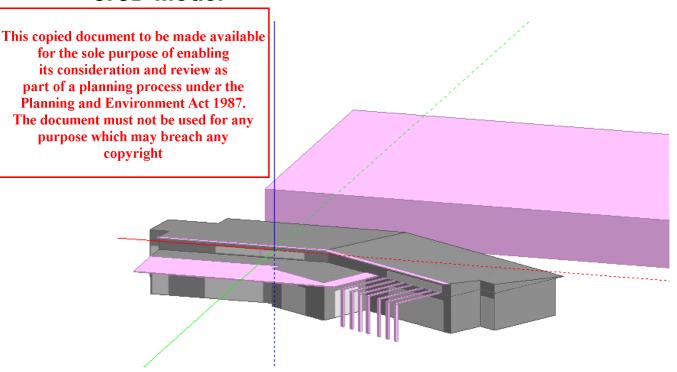


Figure 1: Administration Building 3D Model

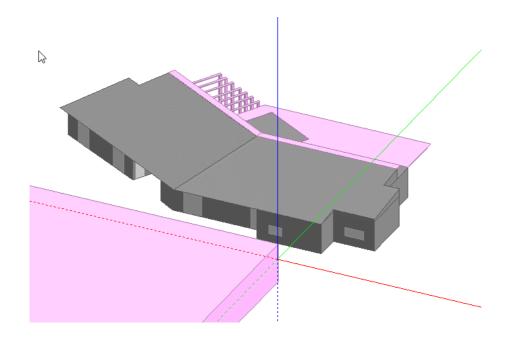


Figure 2: Administration Building 3D Model



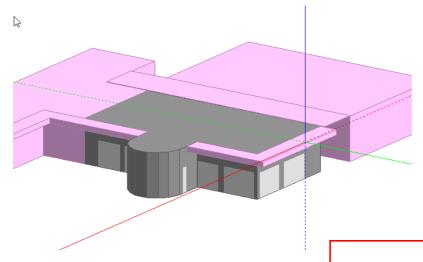


Figure 3: School Alteration 3D Model

# 6. Daylight Analysis Result

#### 6.1. Administrative Building

This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright



Figure 4: Ground floor- Administrative Building (floor area over 2 % DF)

#### **School Alteration**

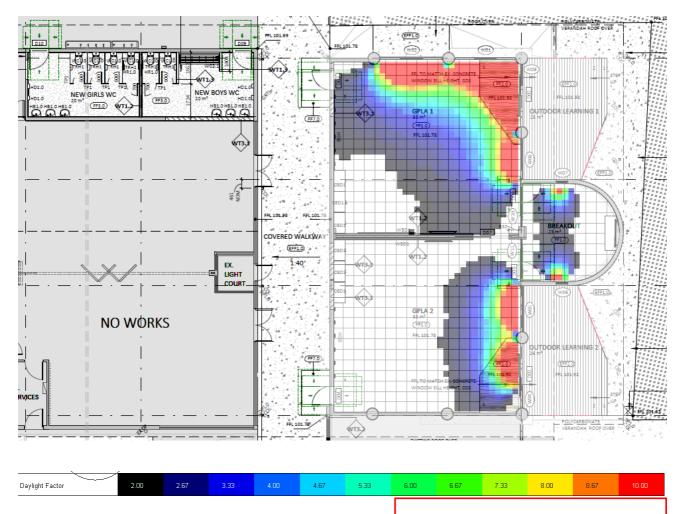


Figure 5: School Alteration (floor a real system) Figure 5: School Alteration (floor a real syst for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright

## 7. Daylight result

#### **New Administration Building**

Room Name	Floor Area (m²)	Floor Area > 2 % DF(m²)	Percentage Floor area > 2% DF (%)
Staff	81.6	75.4	92.4
Principal	22.9	22.9	100
Foyer	27.8	27.4	98.5
Meeting	15.8	14.7	92.8
Bursar	17.9	11.9	66.6
Deputy	25.7	7.2	28.2
Reception and Utility	35.8	7.3	20.4
Total	227.2	166.8	73.4

Table 1: Administration Building areas over 2 % DF - 73.4 %



#### **School Alteration**

Room Name	Floor Area (m²)	Floor Area > 2 % DF(m²)	Percentage Floor area > 2% DF (%)
GPLA 1	87	69	79.4
GPLA 2	87	28.3	32.6
Breakout	21.8	10.6	48.8
Total	195.8	107.9	55.1

Table 2: School Alteration areas over 2 % DF - 55.1 %

#### 8. Conclusion

In terms of daylight penetration outcome, the analysis presented in this report demonstrates that the proposed development achieves:

• BESS IEQ 1.4 daylight requirement of 2.0% for 73.4 % for administrative areas and 55.1 for school alteration areas.

**Dr. Jonathan Duverge** Director

This copied document to be made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright

