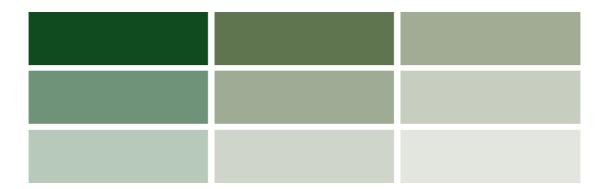


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# **Waste Management Plan**



## **Proposed Development:**

St Columba's College - 2 Leslie Road, Essendon, Victoria STEAM Building and Sports Court Extension ('Stage 2')

Prepared for:

St Columba's College Ltd

#### **Document Control**

Report Date: 06 May 2022 (supersedes all prior reports)

Prepared By: Andrew McIntosh, Associate

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#### **WASTE MANAGEMENT SUMMARY**

- The operator, as defined below, shall be responsible for managing the waste system, and for developing and implementing adequate safe operating procedures.
- Waste shall be stored within the development (hidden from external view).
- Users shall sort their waste, and dispose garbage and recyclables into collection bins.
- Waste shall be collected on Buckley Street. The Operator shall transfer bins between the site and the street, returning them when emptied.
- A private contractor shall provide waste collection services.

#### **GLOSSARY**

**Operator:** refers to the College Management, who shall manage site operations (via cleaners, staff and contractors, if required).

**User:** refers to college staff students and the café tenant, who shall utilise the waste system.

## 1 SPACE AND SYSTEM FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT

## 1.1 Development Description and Use

This proposed extension shall consist of the addition of a 'STEAM' building and sports court extension to the existing college development (refer to Table 1).

<u>Note</u>: The existing school development shall retain the current waste system (this has been excluded from this report).

## 1.2 Estimated Garbage and Recycling Generation

The following table summarises the waste estimate (m³/week):

Table 1: Waste Estimate

Waste Source	Base Qty (est.)		Garbage	Recycling	
Proposed STEAM Building & Sports Court Extension					
Offices	area (m²) =	60	0.04	0.04	
Educational/Teaching	area (m²) =	1800	0.63	0.63	
Café/Coffee Areas	area (m²) =	100	1.05	0.56	
Function Rooms	area (m²) =	100	1.00	0.50	
Assembly / Amenities	area (m²) =	30	0.08	0.08	
TOTAL (m³/wk)			2.81	1.82	

Note: Waste figures are based on City of Melbourne Guidelines, adjusted Sustainability Victoria Guidelines and discretionary rates.

#### 1.3 Collection Services

As per current practice, waste shall continue to be collected privately (costs to be borne by the operator).

## 1.4 Location, Equipment and System Used for Managing Waste

The waste management system is summarised as follows:

- Internal receptacles in rooms/work/amenity areas.
- Bin Store located at Ground Level.
- Collection bins (kept within the Bin Store refer to Table 2).

The various collection waste-streams are summarised as follows:

Garbage: General waste shall be placed in tied plastic bags and stored within bins.

<u>Recycling</u>: All recyclables shall be commingled into a single type of collection bin (for loose paper, cardboard, glass, aluminium, steel and plastics).

<u>Green Waste</u>: Garden organics shall be collected and disposed by site staff/landscape maintenance contractor.

Food Waste: Users shall deposit organic food waste into Organics bins.

Other Waste Streams: The disposal of hard/electronic/liquid and other wastes (polystyrene, batteries, paint, chemicals and detox items, etc) shall be organised with the assistance of the operator.

The café tenant shall arrange the storage of any used cooking oil and its collection by a recycler. The Operator shall organise Grease Interceptor Trap servicing, if any.

The following table summarises bin quantity/capacity, collection frequency and area requirements (based on Table 1):

Waste Source	Waste Stream	Bin Qty	Bin Litres	Prop Coll'n/Wk	Net Area m <sup>2</sup>
STEAM & Sports Court Extension (shared private bins)	Garbage	10	240	1	5.0
	Food Organics	3	240	1	1.5
	Comm.Recycling	8	240	1	4.0
Net Waste Storage Area (excludes circulation), m <sup>2</sup> :					10.5

Table 2: Bin Schedule and Collection Frequency

#### Notes:

- Private bins shall be sourced by the operator (either purchased from a supplier or leased from the collection contractor).
- Subject to stakeholders' preference/capability (and as built constraints), bin sizes and quantities can be changed. Also, recyclables can be either commingled or split into bins for separate recycling streams.

## 1.5 Planning Drawings, Waste Areas and Management of the Waste System

The attached Ground Floor Plan illustrates sufficient space for onsite bin storage, as required by the above schedule.

Notwithstanding the above, collection days shall be staged appropriately, and the operator shall stipulate procedures for effective management of the available space.

#### 1.6 Collection Bin Information

The following bins shall be utilised (see Sect. 4.4 for signage requirements):

Table 3: Bin Details

Capacity (litres)	Height (mm)	Width (across front, mm)	Depth (side on, mm)	Empty Weight (kg)	Average* Gross Weight (kg)
240	1060	585	730	13	45

## Notes:

- \* = Average Gross Weight is based on domestic waste studies (which vary subject to locality and waste-type). Expect greater weight for wet or compacted waste.
- Use the above details as a guide only variations will occur. The above is based on Sulo plastic (HDPE) bins.

Table 4: Moonee Valley Colour Coding

Bin	Garbage	Commingled Recycling	Garden Waste
Lid	Red	Yellow	Lime
Body	Green	Green	Green

Note: For private bins, AS4123.7 bin colours can be adopted. Private bins shall be labelled to identify the waste generator and site address. For Food Waste / Organics bins, AS 4123.7 bins have a Burgundy lid and a Dark Green or Black body.

## 2 ACCESS FOR USERS, COLLECTORS AND COLLECTION VEHICLES

#### 2.1 User Access to Waste Facilities

Users shall place sorted waste into waste receptacles located in teaching rooms, amenity and work areas. College and café staff shall maintain these receptacles, and transfer waste to the bins located within the Bin Room (if required, using a suitable trolley).

<u>Note</u>: The operator shall have access to the Bin Room to rotate the bins, ensuring that empty bins are available along the circulation area so that users are able to reach them.

## 2.2 Collection Arrangements and Access to Waste Facilities

- A private contractor shall collect waste on Buckley Street.
- Prior to collection, the Operator shall transfer bins between the site and the street, returning them when collected.
- Waste collection shall be carried-out by rear-lift vehicles (nom. 8.8m long, 4m operational height and 24 tonnes gross vehicle mass).

The enclosed Ground Floor Plan illustrates the proposed waste collection points.

<u>Note</u>: For improved safety, waste collections and bin transfers shall be carried-out during off-peak school hours.

## 3 AMENITY, LOCAL ENVIRONMENT AND FACILITY DESIGN

#### 3.1 Noise Minimisation Initiatives

- Collection bins shall feature rubber wheels for quiet rolling during transfers.
- Waste areas shall meet BCA and AS2107 acoustic requirements.
- Local laws shall be observed for all operations in public and private areas.
- For private services, the hours of waste collections shall be as specified in Council's local laws. Also, Section 6 of the Victorian EPA Noise Control Guideline Publication 1254 (see below) shall be observed to protect the acoustic amenity of the development and surroundings.

#### Victorian EPA Noise Control Guideline Publication 1254 October 2008 (excerpt)

[Section] 6. Industrial Refuse Collection [for commercial waste]

Annoyance created by industrial waste collection tends to intensify in the early morning period. To this end, early morning collections should be restricted to non-residential areas to minimize early morning disturbances. Where a residential area is impacted by noise from the collection of refuse then collections should be restricted to the times contained within the schedule.

- Refuse bins should be located at sites that provide minimal annoyance to residential premises.
- Compaction should be carried out while the vehicle is moving.
- Bottles should not be broken up at collection site.
- Routes which service predominantly residential areas should be altered regularly to reduce early morning disturbances.
- Noisy verbal communication between operators should be avoided where possible.

#### **SCHEDULE**

One collection per week

6:30am to 8:00pm Monday to Saturday

9:00am to 8:00pm Sunday & Public Holidays

Two or more collections per week

7:00am to 8:00pm Monday to Saturday

9:00am to 8:00pm Sunday & Public Holidays

#### 3.2 Litter Reduction and Prevention of Stormwater Pollution

The operator shall be responsible for:

- Promoting adequate waste disposal into the bins (to avoid waste-dumping).
- Securing the waste areas (whilst affording access to users/staff/contractors).
- Preventing overfilled bins and keeping lids closed.
- Abating any site litter, and taking action to prevent dumping and/or unauthorised use of waste areas.
- Requiring the collection contractor to clean-up any spillage that might occur when clearing bins.

The above will minimise the dispersion of site litter and prevent stormwater pollution (thus avoiding impact to the local amenity and environment).

## 3.3 Ventilation, Washing, and Vermin-Prevention Arrangements

Waste areas shall feature:

- Ventilation in accordance with Australian Standard AS1668.
- Impervious flooring (also, smooth, slip-resistant and appropriately drained).
- A graded bin wash area, hot/cold mixing hosecock, hose and a suitable floor-waste connected in accordance with relevant authority requirements (alternatively, the operator shall engage a contractor to conduct off-site bin washing). The bin and wash areas may overlap, as stored bins can be moved so that a bin can be washed.

The operator shall regularly clean waste areas/equipment. Also, access doors and bin-lids shall be kept closed.

## 3.4 Design and Aesthetics of Waste Storage Areas and Equipment

Waste shall be placed within collection bins and stored in designated onsite areas (hidden from external view). Following waste collection activities, bins shall be returned to the storage areas as soon as practicable.

Waste facilities shall be constructed of durable materials and finishes, and maintained to ensure that the aesthetics of the development are not compromised. These facilities and associated passages shall be suitably illuminated (this provides comfort, safety and security, to users, staff and contractors). Access doors shall feature keyless opening from within.

The design and construction, of waste facilities and equipment, shall conform to the Building Code of Australia, Australian Standards and local laws.

## **4** MANAGEMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY

## 4.1 Waste Sorting, Transfer, and Collection Responsibilities

Garbage shall be placed within tied plastic bags prior to transferring into collection bins. Cardboard shall be flattened, and recycling containers un-capped, drained and rinsed prior to disposal into the appropriate bin. Bagged recycling is not permitted.

Refer to Section 2 for waste transfer requirements and collection arrangements.

## 4.2 Facility Management Provisions to Maintain & Improve the Waste System

The operator shall manage site operations (refer to the glossary in page 2).

It shall be the responsibility of the operator to maintain all waste areas and components, to the satisfaction of users, staff and the relevant authority (users shall maintain their internal waste receptacles).

The operator shall ensure that maintenance and upgrades are carried-out, on the facility and components of the waste system. When required, the operator shall engage an appropriate contractor to conduct services, replacements or upgrades.

## 4.3 Arrangements for Protecting Waste Equipment from Theft and Vandalism

It shall be the responsibility of the operator to protect the equipment from theft and vandalism. This shall include the following initiatives:

- Secure the waste areas.
- Label the bins according to property address.
- Waste bins shall be stored within the subject land (bins shall not be placed on the street).

## 4.4 Arrangements for Bins/Equipment Labelling, and Ensuring Users and Staff are Aware of How to Use the Waste System Correctly

- The operator shall provide appropriate signage for the bins. Signage is available at the following internet address: <a href="www.sustainability.vic.gov.au">www.sustainability.vic.gov.au</a>.
- The operator shall publish/distribute "house rules" and educational material to:
  - Inform users/staff about the waste management system and the use/location of the associated equipment (provide the summary in page 2 of this report).
  - Improve facility management results (lessen equipment damage, reduce littering and achieve cleanliness).
  - Advise users/staff to sort and recycle waste with care to reduce contamination of recyclables.

## 4.5 Sustainability and Waste Avoidance/Reuse/Reduction Initiatives

The *Environment Protection Act 1970* includes principles of environment protection and guidance for waste management decision making. Also, the *Sustainability Victoria Act 2005* established Sustainability Victoria as the statutory authority for delivering programs on integrated waste management and resource efficiency.

From a design perspective, the development shall support the acts by providing an adequate waste system with ability to sort waste.

The operator shall promote the observance of the acts (where relevant and practicable), and encourage users and staff to participate in minimising the impact of waste on the environment. For improved sustainability, the operator shall consider the following:

- Observe the waste hierarchy in the *Environment Protection Act 1970* (in order of preference): a) waste avoidance, b) reuse, c) recycle, d) recovery of energy, e) treatment, f) containment and g) disposal.
- Peruse the Sustainability Victoria website: <a href="www.sustainability.vic.gov.au">www.sustainability.vic.gov.au</a>.
- Participate in Council and in-house programs for waste minimisation.
- Establish waste reduction and recycling targets; including periodic waste audits, keeping records and monitoring of the quantity of recyclables found in landfillbound bins (sharing results with users/staff).

## 4.6 Waste Management Plan Revisions

For any future appropriate Council request, changes in legal requirements, changes in the development's needs and/or waste patterns (waste composition, volume or distribution), or to address unforeseen operational issues, the operator shall be responsible for coordinating the necessary Waste Management Plan revisions, including (if required):

- A waste audit and new waste strategy.
- Revision of the waste system (bin size/quantity/streams/collection frequency).
- Re-education of users/staff.
- Revision of the services provided by the waste collector(s).
- Any necessary statutory approval(s).

## **5 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

- The operator shall observe local laws and ensure that bins aren't overfilled or overloaded.
- Waste incineration devices are not permitted, and offsite waste treatment and disposal shall be carried-out in accordance with regulatory requirements.
- For bin traffic areas, either level surfaces (smooth and without steps) or gentle ramps are recommended, including a roll-over kerb or ramp. Should ramp gradients, bin weight and/or distance affect the ease/safety of bin transfers, the operator shall consider the use of a suitable tug.
- The operator and waste collector, shall observe all relevant OH&S legislation, regulations and guidelines. The relevant entity shall define their tasks and:
  - Comply with Worksafe Victoria's Occupational Health and Safety Guidelines for the Collection, Transport and Unloading of Non-hazardous Waste and Recyclable Materials (June 2003).
  - Assess the Manual Handling Risk, and prepare a Manual Handling Control Plan for waste and bin transfers (as per regulatory requirements and Victorian COP for Manual Handling).
  - Obtain and provide to staff/contractors: equipment manuals, training, health and safety procedures, risk assessments and adequate personal protective equipment (PPE) to control/minimise risks/hazards associated with all waste management activities. As a starting point, these documents and procedures shall address the following:

Task (to be confirmed)	Hazard (TBC)	Control Measures (TBC)
Sorting waste and cleaning the waste system	Bodily puncture. Biological & electrical hazards	Personal protective equipment (PPE). Develop a waste-sorting procedure
Bin manual handling	Sprain, strain, crush	PPE. Maintain bin wheel-hubs. Limit bin weight. Provide mechanical assistance to transfer bins
Bin transfers and emptying into truck	Vehicular strike, run- over	PPE. Develop a Hazard Control Plan for transfers and collections. Maintain visibility. Use a mechanical bin-tipper
Truck access (reversing & manoeuvring)	Vehicular incident, strike, run-over	PPE. Use a trained spotter. Develop a truck-manoeuvring and traffic-control procedure

Note: The above shall be confirmed by a qualified OH&S professional, who shall also prepare site-specific assessments, procedures and controls (refer to Section 6).

#### **6 CONTACT INFORMATION**

Moonee Valley City Council (local Council), ph 03 9243 8888

SUEZ/SITA (private waste collector), ph 131335

FJP Safety Advisors Pty Ltd (OH&S consultant), ph 03 9255 3660

Electrodrive Pty Ltd (tug & trailer supplier – for bin transfers), ph 1800 033 002

Warequip (tug supplier – for bin transfers), ph 1800 337 711

Sabco Commercial (supplier of cleaner's trolleys), ph 1800 066 522

Sulo MGB Australia (bin supplier), ph 1300 364 388

One Stop Garbage Shop (bin supplier), ph 03 9338 1411

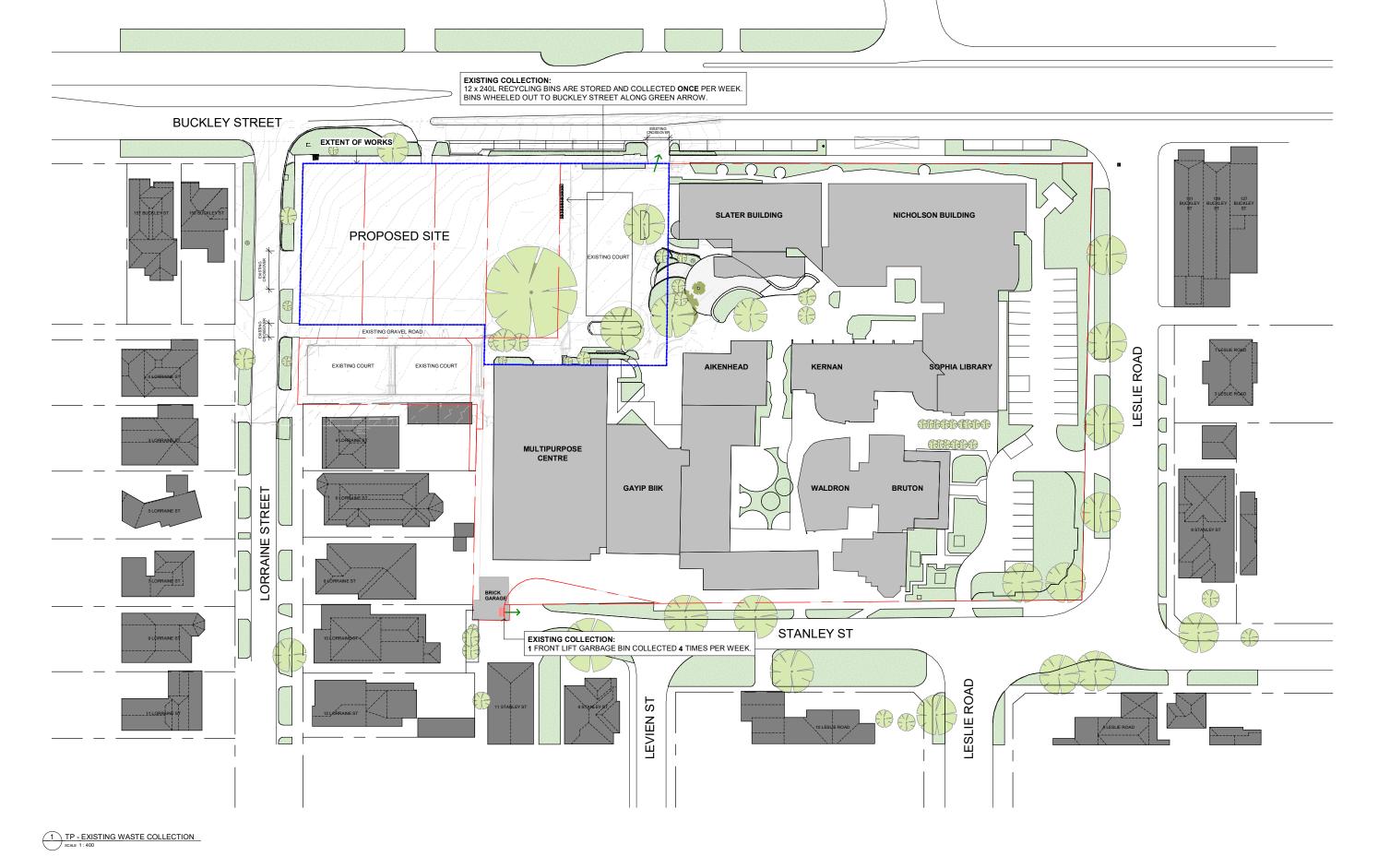
<u>Note</u>: The above includes a complimentary listing of contractors and equipment suppliers. The stakeholders shall not be obligated to procure goods/services from these companies. Leigh Design does not warrant (or make representations for) the goods/services provided by these suppliers.

## 7 LIMITATIONS

The purpose of this report is to document a Waste Management Plan, as part of a Planning Permit Application.

This report is based on the following conditions:

- Operational use of the development (excludes demolition/construction stages).
- Drawings and information supplied by the project architect.
- The figures presented in this report are estimates only. The actual amount of waste will depend on the development's occupancy rate and waste generation intensity, the user's disposition toward waste and recycling, and the operator's approach to waste management. The operator shall make adjustments, as required, based on actual waste volumes (if the actual waste volume is greater than estimated, then the number of bins and/or the number of collections per week shall be increased, STCA).
- This report shall not be used to determine/forecast operational costs, or to prepare feasibility studies or to document operational/safety procedures.

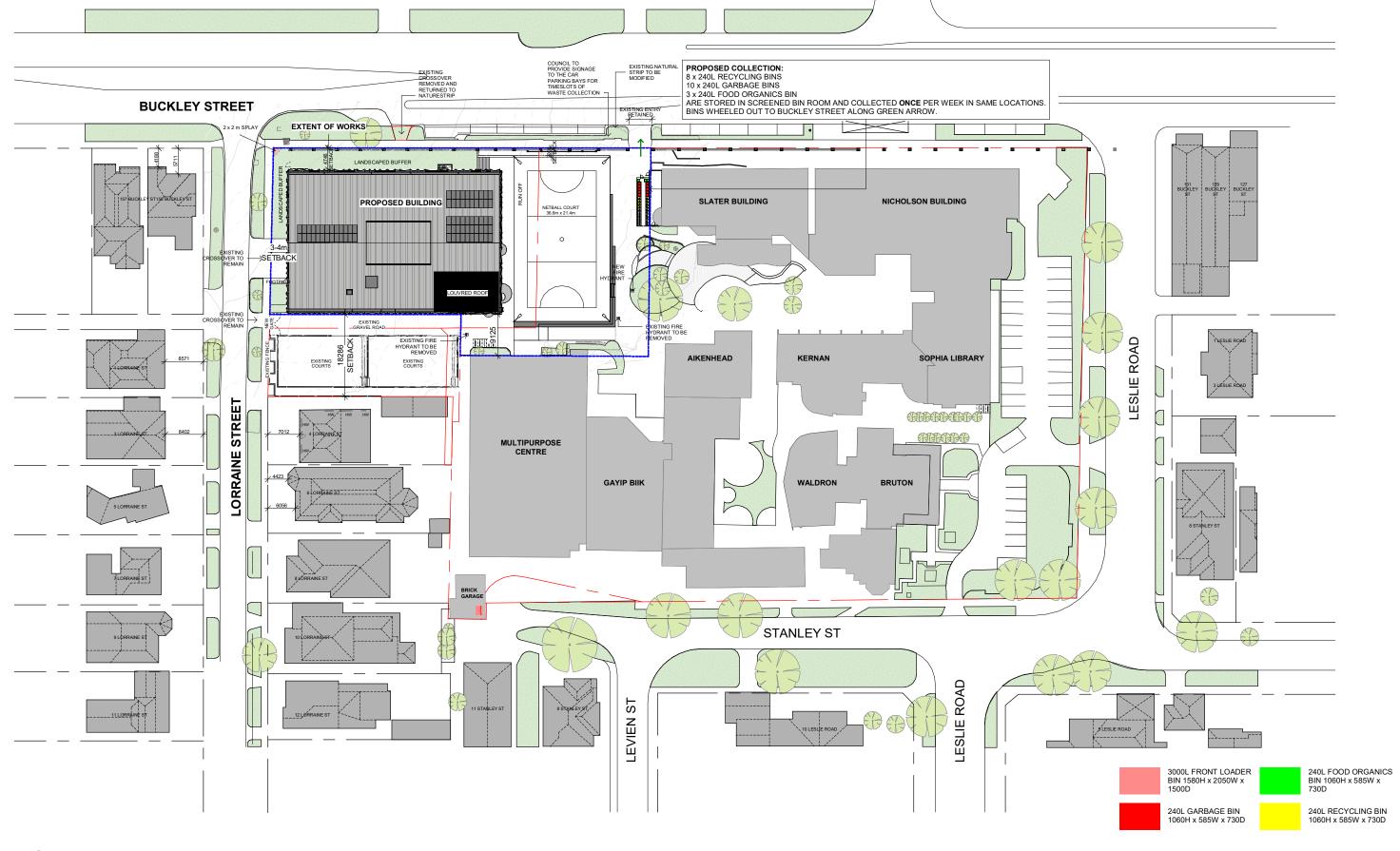






**EXISTING SITE PLAN - WASTE COLLECTION** SCALE: 1:400@A1 2 LESLIE ROAD, 143-145 BUCKLEY STREET ESSENDON CLIENT: ST COLUMBAS COLLEGE 20061 SK7.000





1 PROPOSED WASTE COLLECTION
SCALE 1:400

**TOWN PLANNING** 

49 ISLINGTON STREET COLLINGWOOD VIC 3066 CHT ARCHITECTS 03 9417 1944 | WWW.CHTARCHITECTS.COM.AU

SCALE: 1:400@A1

CLIENT: ST COLUMBAS COLLEGE