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Winton Renewable Energy Stability and Storage Terminal (WRESST)

Assessment for Lodgement

Client: Winton Renewable Energy Stability & Storage Terminal Pty Ltd c/o Cogency Australia

Heritage advisors and authors: Dr Justin Shiner, Sotiria McDonald, and Georgia Rolls

29/05/2026

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List of Abbreviations

Term or abbreviation	Definition
ACHRIS	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Register and Information System
The Act	<i>Aboriginal Heritage Act 2006</i>
CHMP	Cultural Heritage Management Plan
FP-SR	First Peoples - State Relations
LGA	Local Government Area
Niche	Niche Environment and Heritage
RAP	Registered Aboriginal Party
Regulations	<i>Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018</i>
VAHC	Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Council
VAHR	Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Register
YYNAC	Yorta Yorta Nation Aboriginal Corporation

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Executive Summary

Niche Environment and Heritage (Niche) were commissioned by Winton Renewable Energy Stability & Storage Terminal Pty Ltd (WRESST Pty Ltd) c/o Cogency Australia to undertake an assessment for lodgement as part of a planning application for the proposed installation of the Winton Energy Stability and Storage Terminal (WRESST) battery energy storage system (BESS) and associated infrastructure. The study area encompasses 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road, Glenrowan Terminal Station, and a section of road reserve associated with Winton-Glenrowan Road (study area).

Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

The assessment of the proposed activity has identified:

- The activity is a high impact activity under the *Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018*, as the activity will involve the construction of the WRESST and associated infrastructure and utilities, which will involve significant ground disturbance affecting an area exceeding 25 square metres (r 46(1)(a)(b)(xxvii)(D)).
- The study area is not situated within an area of cultural heritage sensitivity under the *Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018*.

The eastern boundary of the study area (Glenrowan Terminal Station) has undergone prior assessment alongside adjacent parcels of land. This evaluation included three Cultural Heritage Management Plans: 20488, 15292, and 17625. CHMP 20488 resulted in the identification of a ring tree (VAHR 8124-0041) south of the study area (this Aboriginal Place is closest in proximity to the study area) and CHMP 15292 resulted in the identification of four scarred trees (VAHR 8125-0455, VAHR 8125-0456, VAHR 8125-0457, and VAHR 8125-0458). The residential section of the study area at 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road, where the BESS will be located, has not yet been assessed.

The study area has undergone various ground-disturbing activities, including land clearance, livestock grazing, development of a residence and associated utilities and infrastructure, road construction, and the construction and maintenance of the Glenrowan Terminal Station.

The site inspection determined that the study area does not contain any zones of high Aboriginal archaeological potential. Furthermore, the proposed development site is situated in areas identified as having low to moderate Aboriginal archaeological potential (low-moderate within 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road and moderate within the Winton-Glenrowan Road reserve). This conclusion is based on existing landforms, existing remnant vegetation (including a tree with potential scarring), degree of disturbance, and distance to water sources.

Overall, the proposed works will not impact any recorded Aboriginal Places or areas of cultural heritage sensitivity or the potential culturally scarred tree. Despite this, there is still a low to moderate potential for Aboriginal cultural heritage to be present within the area.

Historic Cultural Heritage

No registered historic cultural heritage places are located within the study area. The study area also has a low potential to contain historical materials or features, nor does it contain any areas of historical archaeological potential.

Recommendations

Based on the above results, the following recommendations are made:

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- A mandatory Cultural Heritage Management Plan is not required under the *Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018* as the study area is not located within an area of mapped cultural heritage sensitivity.
- A Cultural Heritage Permit is not required under the *Aboriginal Heritage Act 2006* for the proposed activity, as there are no recorded Aboriginal Places located within the study area.
- No approvals are required for historic cultural heritage under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*, the *Heritage Act 2017*, nor the *Planning and Environment Act 1987*.

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1 Introduction

Niche Environment and Heritage (Niche) were commissioned by WRESST Pty Ltd c/o Cogency Australia to undertake an assessment for lodgement as part of a planning application for the proposed construction of the Winton Renewable Energy Stability and Storage Terminal (WRESST). Located approximately 4.5 km east of the Winton township, the development will occur within Lot 1 and 2 of TP836611 (BESS activity site), Lot 1 on TP381841 (Glenrowan Terminal Station connection point), Lot 1 on TP345760 (Glenrowan Terminal Station), and the road reserve associated with Winton-Glenrowan Road (access points). The footprint of the proposed BESS is located within rural residential land at 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road.

The study area is approximately 26 hectares in size and comprises a farming zone, a special use zone, and a section of municipal road reserve. The study area is currently used for rural residential and agricultural purposes with electricity infrastructure within the northern section.

The intent of the project is to create the WRESST, a Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) that will have a capacity of 400 MW/1600MWh. While the BESS activity site is approximately 15 ha, the overall development footprint will be approximately 6.5 ha. Existing infrastructure with the study area includes the Glenrowan Terminal Station and associated transmission infrastructure. The WRESST will connect to the Glenrowan Terminal Station (joining onto the National Energy Market (NEM)).

This assessment has been conducted based on the information presented to Niche by WRESST Pty Ltd c/o Cogency Australia and was undertaken to determine the cultural heritage requirements applicable to the proposal.

1.1 Legislation

1.1.1 Aboriginal Heritage Act 2006

The *Aboriginal Heritage Act 2006* (the Act) provides for the protection of Aboriginal cultural heritage in Victoria. The Act establishes organisations and bodies to facilitate the protection and management of Aboriginal cultural heritage, including the Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Council (VAHC) and Registered Aboriginal Parties (RAPs). It establishes the Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Register (VAHR) which holds details of known Aboriginal places and objects within the state. It also provides sanctions and penalties for harm to Aboriginal cultural heritage.

The Act protects and manages Aboriginal cultural heritage by setting requirements for the preparation Cultural Heritage Management Plans (CHMPs) and Cultural Heritage Permits for activities which may harm that heritage. The Act is given effect by the Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018 (the Regulations).

Cultural Heritage Management Plans (CHMPs)

A mandatory CHMP is required under the Act for a proposed activity when two cultural heritage triggers are met:

A **high impact activity** is planned to be undertaken within an **area of cultural heritage sensitivity**.

High impact activities and areas of cultural heritage sensitivity are defined within the Regulations. The only mitigating circumstances for not requiring a mandatory CHMP when both cultural heritage triggers are met is if significant ground disturbance can be proven across the entire area of cultural heritage sensitivity within the proposed study area. The Regulations define significant ground disturbance as:

The disturbance of – (a) the topsoil or rock surface layer of the ground; or (b) a waterway – by machinery in the course of grading, excavating, digging, dredging or deep ripping, but does not include ploughing other than deep ripping.

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A mandatory CHMP is also required when an Environment Effects Statement, impact management plan or comprehensive impact statement is required for a development.

A CHMP may also be voluntarily prepared when one or neither of the cultural heritage triggers are applicable for a proposed activity.

Cultural Heritage Permits

A Cultural Heritage Permit is required when a proponent is planning to:

- Disturb or excavate for the purposes of identifying Aboriginal cultural heritage,
- Rehabilitate land at an Aboriginal place,
- Inter Aboriginal ancestral remains at an Aboriginal place,
- Carry out research on an Aboriginal place,
- Undertake an activity that will, or is likely to, harm Aboriginal cultural heritage,
- Sell an Aboriginal object, and
- Remove an Aboriginal cultural heritage object from Victoria.

Permit applications are made to the relevant RAP, or to the Secretary to the Department of Premier and Cabinet if there is no RAP.

1.1.2 Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

The *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* protects heritage on Commonwealth land and establishes the National and Commonwealth Heritage Lists which includes natural, historical, and Indigenous places of national significance. The *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* also outlines penalties for anyone who takes an action that harms or has the potential to harm a place with Indigenous significance on these lists.

1.1.3 Heritage Act 2017

The *Heritage Act 2017* identifies and protects heritage places and objects within Victoria that are of state significance and is administered by Heritage Victoria. The *Heritage Act 2017* establishes the Victorian Heritage Register, the Victorian Heritage Inventory, and the Heritage Council of Victoria.

1.1.4 Planning and Environment Act 1987

The *Planning and Environment Act 1987* establishes the land use planning controls used by local and state government bodies. One planning control is local government heritage overlays, which list places and precincts of local heritage significance which require a planning permit in the event of an alteration to a heritage place or precinct.

1.2 Aims

This assessment for lodgement has been undertaken to determine the requirements for the proposed activity under cultural heritage legislation. The assessment aims to identify:

- If there are any recorded Aboriginal or historic cultural heritage places within or surrounding the study area,
- If the study area is located within an area of cultural heritage sensitivity as defined in the *Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018*,
- If the activity triggers the requirement for approvals under current cultural heritage legislation, and
- Determine potential risk management options that will benefit the project.

1.3 Methodology



This assessment for lodgement included the following:

- A review of the Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Register (VAHR) for recorded Aboriginal places and previous archaeological investigations within and surrounding the study area.
- A review of historic cultural heritage listings and databases for recorded historic cultural heritage places, including:
 - National, Commonwealth and international heritage lists,
 - Victorian Heritage Register (VHR),
 - Victorian Heritage Inventory (VHI),
 - Heritage overlay of the local government Planning Scheme (Benalla Rural City Council), and
 - National Trust of Australia (Victoria) Register.
- A review of the historical land use of the study area to identify any areas of historic cultural heritage significance.
- A site inspection of the study area.

The database searches and were undertaken to determine the nature and extent of Aboriginal and historic cultural heritage places within and surrounding the study area, and to assess the likelihood of previously unrecorded cultural heritage to be present and potentially harmed by the proposed activity.

A site inspection of the study area was undertaken to identify areas of significant ground disturbance which may negate areas of cultural heritage sensitivity.

1.4 Limitations

This report is an assessment for lodgement only and does not meet the requirement for approvals under current cultural heritage legislation. A site visit was conducted on 13 March 2026. No detailed archaeological survey or subsurface investigations were undertaken as part of this assessment.

1.5 Heritage Advisor and authorship

This assessment for lodgement was undertaken by Dr Justin Shiner, Sotiria McDonald, and Georgia Rolls, all qualified cultural Heritage Advisors under s. 189(1) of the Act. Descriptions of Justin, Sotiria, and Georgia's qualifications and experience are briefly outlined below.

Justin is a highly respected cultural heritage professional with over 25 years' experience, including over a decade in senior leadership roles delivering Aboriginal and historical heritage projects across Victoria, NSW, and Qld, Traditional Owner engagement, and major infrastructure and resources approvals. He has overseen Indigenous and historical heritage programs across most Australian jurisdictions and brings additional international experience from Mongolia, Namibia, and Peru. Justin holds a PhD specialising in Australian Indigenous archaeology, has authored 20+ peer-reviewed publications, and is widely regarded as a senior advisor and leader within the Victorian and National cultural heritage sector.

Sotiria is a heritage consultant and archaeologist based in Melbourne, Victoria. She has just under two years' experience in Australian heritage consultancy, including historical and Aboriginal heritage, Dry Stone Wall Management Plans, archaeological survey, excavation, due diligence assessments, Heritage Consents, Cultural Heritage Management Plans, and Preliminary Aboriginal Heritage Tests. She graduated with a First Class Honours specialising in Archaeology and Ancient History from Monash University. Sotiria is skilled in photographic archival recording, primary and secondary source analysis and interpretation, database research, and Traditional Owner and community engagement. She has successfully undertaken archaeological surveys and excavations across various environments with field experience in Victoria, including excavations in the UNESCO World Heritage listed Budj Bim Cultural Landscape in southwestern Victoria. Sotiria is a member of the Australian Archaeological Association (AAA), Australasian Society for Historical Archaeology (ASHA), and Dry Stone Wall Association of Australia (DSWAA).



Georgia has worked within the sphere of Queensland and New South Wales Aboriginal Cultural Heritage for 5 years. Georgia has worked within the Dja Dja Wurrung Aboriginal Corporation and for Cultural Heritage WAI (on behalf of Yuggera Ugarpaul Aboriginal Corporation). She has a diverse background, having also had the opportunity to undertake laboratory research for the University of Queensland and Griffith University; and has maintained databases for a private Heritage Consultancy firm and Aboriginal art centre. In 2023, she completed her Honours thesis at Griffith University which involved bioarchaeological analysis of dental specimens. Georgia has experience in leading fieldwork projects, surveying, artefact analysis, due diligence, and report writing. She has a strong passion both for Aboriginal cultural heritage and for environmental care.

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2 The Activity

2.1 Location of the study area

The study area, approximately 4.5 km east of the Winton township, is located at the Glenrowan Terminal Station and 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road, seen in Map 1 (Map). The study area includes four parcels of land: Lot 1 and 2 on TP83661 (BESS), Lot 1 on TP381841, Lot 1 on TP345760, and Winton-Glenrowan Road road reserve (access). The development footprint will be 6.5 ha.

Collectively, the entire study area covers approximately 26 ha of land, of which approximately 6.5 ha will comprise the development footprint, primarily located within the 15 ha BESS activity site.

The study area is bounded by Winton-Glenrowan Road to the north, Winton Solar Farm to the south and west, and by Glenwest Lane to the east.

Yorta Yorta Country has an expanse of significant watercourses within the wider landscape. The study area is situated closest to Eleven Mile Creek, 2 km to the southeast, and Broken River, 13.6 km to the west.

The cadastral details of the study area are outlined in Table 1 below, and the general location of the study area is shown in Map 1.

Table 1: Cadastral details of the study area

Category	Details
Address	576 Winton-Glenrowan Road, Winton The activity site: Lot 1 and Lot 2 on TP836611 (BESS) The study area: Lot 1 and Lot 2 on TP836611 (BESS), Lot 1 on TP381841 (Glenrowan Terminal Station connection point), Lot 1 on TP345760 (Glenrowan Terminal Station), and Winton-Glenrowan Road Reserve (access point)
SPI	1\TP836611 2\TP836611 1\TP381841 1\TP345760
LGA	Benalla Rural City Council
Parish	Winton
Study area (ha)	~ 26
BESS area (Lot 2 TP836611/Lot 1 TP836611) (ha)	~ 15
Project footprint (i.e., maximum disturbance area) (ha)	~ 6.5
Easements	Yes

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	E1, E3 on TP836611- Distribution of Electricity (Overhead) - Owner is Ausnet Electricity Services Pty Ltd E2, E3 on TP836611- Transmission of Electricity - Owner is State Electricity Commission of Victoria
Planning zone	Clause 35.07 - Farming Zone (FZ) (BESS Area) Schedule 4 To Clause 37.01 Special Use Zone (SUZ4) (Glenrowan Terminal Station) Clause 36.04 Transport Zone - Significant municipal road (TRZ3) (Access)
Overlays	Schedule 3 To Clause 42.02 Vegetation Protection Overlay (VPO3) - Regent honeyeater habitat/lurg ironbark vegetation protection area
Renewable Energy Zone	Central North REZ (Vic Grid 2025)

2.1.1 Areas of cultural heritage sensitivity

The study area does not contain any areas of cultural heritage sensitivity as defined within the Regulations (Map 1). There are no areas of cultural heritage sensitivity in immediate proximity to the study area.

Within the surrounding region, there are areas of mapped sensitivity within 1 km south, 1.6 km east, and 1.8 km northwest of the study area.

2.1.2 Registered Aboriginal Party

Yorta Yorta Nation Aboriginal Corporation (YYNAC) is the Registered Aboriginal Party (RAP) for the study area.

2.2 Activity description

The proposed activity will involve the construction of the WRESST BESS, with a capacity of capacity of 400 MW/1600 MWh, and associated infrastructure at Winton, Victoria. The activities will occur within the footprint proposed by WRESST Pty Ltd c/o Cogency Australia (Figure 1). The main activities will occur within the northern and western extent of the study area.

The proposed works will involve activities relating to:

- 220kV underground transmission connection to Glenrowan Terminal Station;
- Transformers and inverter units;
- Maintenance buildings;
- Vegetation removal, landscaping, and earthworks;
- Access points and tracks;
- Water tank;
- Retention ponds;
- Security fencing; and,
- Fire protection and equipment.

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Existing infrastructure within the study area includes the Glenrowan Terminal Station, located within the eastern portion of the study area. Other existing infrastructure related to residential use occurs in the western portion of the study area, including a house, sheds, and dams. An unsealed entry, access tracks, and the Winton-Glenrowan Road road reserve are also present within the study area.

It is understood that the existing dwelling and sheds will be removed prior to commencement of construction. Due to the identification of remnant vegetation (within an ecological context), WRESST Pty Ltd c/o Cogency Australia has stated that vegetation removal will be minimised to extent possible.

2.2.1 High impact activities



The activity is a high impact activity as defined in the Regulations, as the activity will involve the construction of a large energy facility for the purposes of BESS and infrastructure installation where the works will affect an area exceeding 25 square metres (r 46(1)(a)(b)(xxvii)(D)). Whilst the proposed activities will involve significant ground disturbance, the maximum excavation depth is yet to be confirmed.

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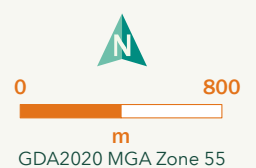
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-  Activity area
  Waterbody
-  Cultural Heritage Sensitivity
  Watercourse
-  Sport, Recreation and Reserve

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Map 1

General Location of the Study Area

Niche PM: Sotiria McDonald
Niche Proj. #: 9583

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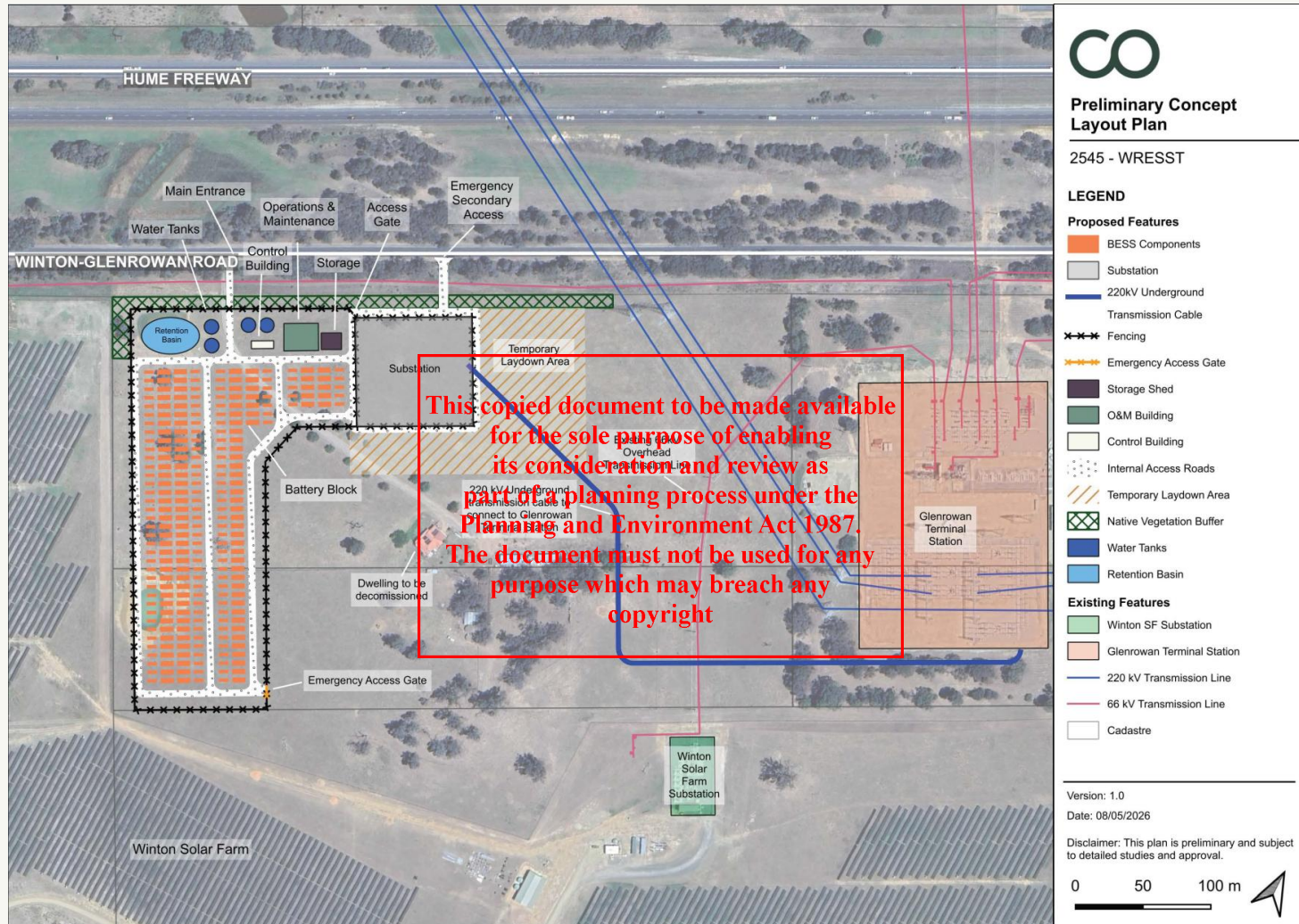


Figure 1: Extent of the study area and development areas (WRESST Pty Ltd c/o Cogency Australia 2026)



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3 Heritage Database Search

3.1 Aboriginal cultural heritage

3.1.1 Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Register

The VAHR is administered by First Peoples – State Relations (FP-SR), and holds records of the location, nature and extent of all known Aboriginal places and objects in Victoria. It also includes a database of previous archaeological investigations undertaken within Victoria, including CHMPs and salvage investigations, as well as surveys and excavations predating the Act.

3.1.1.1 Registered Aboriginal Places

There are no previously recorded Aboriginal Places within the study area.

The closest Aboriginal place is within approximately 900 m south of the study area: VAHR 8125-0041 (Glenwest Aboriginal Cultural Place – Ring Tree), a ring tree recorded as part of CHMP 20488 recorded in 2025.

Within a 3km buffer, there are 28 registered Aboriginal Places (cultural heritage sites) including 42 Place Components within the ACHRIS database (see Appendix 1). The majority of sites are concentrated north of the study area, at the Winton Wetlands. Other recorded places tend to be situated in proximity to the waterway east of the study area – Eleven Mile Creek. The Aboriginal Places are predominantly scarred trees and artefact scatters.

3.1.1.2 Previous archaeological investigations

A total of 12 archaeological investigations has been undertaken within a 1 km buffer of the study area (see Appendix 2). Three CHMPs have previously been undertaken within the eastern portion of the study area encompassing the Glenrowan Terminal Station. These are summarised below.

Battery Energy Storage System Glenwest Lane, Winton (CHMP 20488)

CHMP 20488 was prepared in 2025 on behalf of Akaysha Energy in anticipation of the construction of a BESS at Glenwest Lane, Winton. The activity area included the Glenrowan Terminal Station, the northern arm of Glenwest Lane, and land at 84 Glenwest Lane. The activity area encompassed 68.64 ha.

The CHMP involved a desktop assessment and a standard assessment. The desktop assessment found that 63 Aboriginal Places were within the geographic region; however, none were within the activity area. It was determined that the activity area was within the Central Victoria Uplands (CVU), containing the Cobbannah Group (Sc) and incised Colluvium (Nc1) geological units. These units were associated with grey cracking clay soils, brown strong texture contrast soils, and yellow and brown non-texture contrast soils. Landforms within the area were predicted to include outlying ridges and hills. The assessment predicted that LDADs, artefact scatters, and scarred trees were the most likely Aboriginal Place types to be situated within the activity area.

The results of the standard assessment concluded GSV ranged throughout the study area from 20-80%. Landforms in the area included flats and slopes. One previously unrecorded Aboriginal Place was located within a sloping area – VAHR 8124-0041 (Glenwest Aboriginal Cultural Place – Ring Tree). This area was associated with a natural drainage line, remnant box eucalypts, and low-lying grasses.

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Glenrowan West Sun Farm, Glenrowan West (CHMP 15292)

CHMP 15292 was prepared in 2019 on behalf of Glenrowan Sun Farm Pty Ltd in anticipation of the construction of a solar farm in Glenrowan West. The activity area encompassed the Glenrowan Terminal Station, in addition to land south and east of these sites. The total assessed area was 665 ha.

The desktop assessment found that the activity area encompassed a range of landforms including alluvial fans and aprons, low-lying flat plains, and outlying ridges and hills, and several watercourses. This increased potential to find Aboriginal Places within the activity area. The activity area was located within the Shepparton Formation and Pinnack Sandstone geological units, which are characterised by fluvial silt, sand, and minor gravel, silty clay and clay, with red and yellow duplex soils. The assessment found that while there were no recorded Aboriginal Places within the activity area or 200 m from it, there were 193 recorded Places within the geographic region.

The standard assessment confirmed the presence of floodplains, hills, and low rises within the activity area, used for agricultural purposes. Remnant vegetation was noted through the activity area. A large portion of the survey was limited by low GSV, which could only be surveyed via vehicle. The survey resulted in the recording of four Aboriginal Places (scarred trees): VAHR 8125-0455 (Glenrowan West 1); VAHR 8125-0456 (Glenrowan West 2); VAHR 8125-0457 (Glenrowan West 3); and VAHR 8125-0458 (Glenrowan West 4).

No complex assessment was necessary/completed.

Proposed Glenrowan Solar Farm and Underground Cable Route, Glenrowan West (CHMP 17625)

CHMP 17625 was prepared on behalf of ESCO Pacific P/L in 2021 to determine the nature of Aboriginal cultural heritage at Glenrowan West. This assessment was completed in anticipation of the construction of the Glenrowan Solar Farm and Underground Cable Route, which encompassed the Glenrowan Terminal Station, the portion of Winton-Glenrowan Road, and the parcel of land at 38 Glenrowan West Rd (266.4 ha in total).

The desktop assessment reinforced the findings mentioned in the previous CHMPs listed; most common Place types within the region are artefact scatters and scarred trees within the landscape, which is made up of alluvial fans, floodplains, aprons, and outlying ridges and hills. It reiterated that the region had been highly disturbed due to past agricultural activities and development of the land by settlers. Only four Aboriginal Places were recorded within the geographic region at the time.

The standard assessment found that the GSV was less than 10% within the activity area, limiting the effectiveness of the survey. No Aboriginal Places were located.

The complex assessment involved the excavation of two 1x1 m test pits and 10 0.5x0.5 m shovel test pits. The results of the complex assessment excavations found the deposits to be shallow, with depths between 18-28 cm, with silty clay loams. No cultural heritage was identified during the assessment.

3.2 Historic cultural heritage

3.2.1 National, Commonwealth and International Heritage Lists

The Australian Government Department of Climate Change, Energy, and Environment and Water maintain the Australian Heritage Database, which includes the National Heritage List (NHL) and the Commonwealth Heritage List (CHL). The NHL is a register of outstanding natural, Aboriginal, and historical heritage places of national significance, and the CHL is a register of heritage places of national significance located on Commonwealth land. A place on either list has statutory protection under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*.

The World Heritage List (WHL) as it applies to Australia is also managed under the Australian Heritage Database. The WHL lists cultural and natural heritage places that are considered to have international significance by the World Heritage Council.



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Additionally, the Australian Heritage Database also includes the Register of the National Estate (RNE), a former heritage list which was discontinued as a statutory register in 2012. Although listing on the RNE no longer affords protection to any listing, the RNE database is still accessible as a non-statutory archive.

The study area is not listed on the WHL, NHL or CHL, nor is it included on the RNE database.

3.2.2 Victorian Heritage Register

The Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) lists historical places of state-level significance in Victoria, which are afforded protection under the *Heritage Act 2017*.

There are **no** historical places listed on the VHR within or directly surrounding the study area.

There is one place within 5 km of the study area:

- Ellen Kelly Homestead Site (H2410).

This site is linked to the historical importance of the greater area in relation to Ned Kelly.

3.2.3 Victorian Heritage Inventory

The Victorian Heritage Inventory (VHI) lists sites of archaeological potential in Victoria, which are also afforded protection under the *Heritage Act 2017*.

There are **no** historical places listed on the VHI within or directly surrounding the study area.

The following sites are registered on the VHI within a 5 km buffer of the study area:

- Lake Mokoan LMH 2- Farmstead Site (H8125-0017),
- Lake Mokoan LMH 1- Cemetery (HB125-0016), and
- Lake Mokoan LMH 5 - Farmstead Site (HB125-0020).

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3.2.4 Benalla Planning Scheme

The study area is located within the Benalla Rural City Council local government area and is governed by the Benalla Planning Scheme that sets out the policies and provisions for the use, development, and protection of land. Places considered to be of local significance are listed on the heritage overlay under the Benalla Planning Scheme (Victorian State Government, 2026).

There are **no** historical places listed on the Benalla Planning Scheme heritage overlay within or directly surrounding the study area.

One site is registered within 5 km of the study area:

- Ellen Kelly Homestead Site (HO37).

This site is linked to the Australian figure, Ned Kelly, and relates to the historical importance of the greater region.

3.2.5 National Trust of Australia

The National Trust of Australia is a non-government organisation dedicated to conserving and promoting Australia's natural, cultural, and built heritage. Historic heritage places considered to be of significance are listed on the National Trust's database; however, this listing does not afford statutory protection to these places.

There are **no** historical places listed on the National Trust of Australia Register within or directly surrounding the study area.

3.3 Summary of the heritage database search results



3.3.1 Aboriginal cultural heritage within the study area

There are **no** previously recorded Aboriginal Places located within the study area.

Within a 3 km buffer, there are 28 registered Aboriginal Places (see Appendix 1). The Aboriginal Place closest to the study area is VAHR 8125-0457 (Glenrowan West 3), comprising a scarred tree, as is located approximately 900 m south of the study area.

Given the absence of registered Aboriginal Places and mapped areas of sensitivity within the study area, coupled with the distance of the closest previously recorded Aboriginal Place, the activity has a low potential to impact on any areas of identified Aboriginal cultural heritage sensitivity.

3.3.2 Historic cultural heritage places within the study area

There are no registered historical places within the study area.

A single historical place has been identified 4.6 km southeast of the study area—Ellen Kelly Homestead Site. This place is listed on the VHR as well as in the Benalla Planning Scheme.

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4 Land Use History

Winton is a rural township with a predominantly agricultural landscape. The Winton township was established in 1857 by European settler, J.G. Wilmot, and later developed in the 1860s (Victorian Places, 2015). The first infrastructure within Winton included a Catholic school and railway (Victorian Places, 2015). Winton is now best known for its racing circuit and the Winton Wetlands. The population of Winton peaked pre-Second World War (Victorian Places, 2015).

The surrounding landscape is important to Australia's colonial history and associated with Ned Kelly, his activities, and place of capture (nearby in Glenrowan). The homestead of Kelly's mother, Ellen Kelly, is a historic heritage site located on Greta Road, Glenrowan West, 4.6 km southeast of the study area (Figure 2).



Figure 2: Ellen Kelly Homestead, Glenrowan West (Victorian Heritage Database, 2026)

A significant landscape feature within Winton is the Winton Wetlands. The ecosystem associated with the Winton Wetlands, approximately 1.8 km from the study area, is of cultural significance to the Yorta Yorta people, the Traditional Owners of Winton and the surrounding region (Atkinson, 2003; *Yorta Yorta Connection to Country Dookie*, 2016; Yorta Yorta Nation Aboriginal Corporation, 2022). More broadly, there are 10 Ramsar-listed



protected wetlands on Yorta Yorta Country, with the Winton Wetlands in the process of being listed as a Ramsar site (Atkinson, 2003). The Ramsar Convention of Wetlands is an intergovernmental treaty which endeavours to enhance protection of wetland sites on an international basis (Ramsar, 2026).

The VAHR results demonstrate the importance of the wetlands, with the majority of recorded Aboriginal Places concentrated within this area (Appendix 1). These Places, comprising artefact scatters and scarred trees, underscore the cultural significance of the wetlands; however, having regard to the nature and location of the proposed works, it is considered unlikely that the activity will result in impacts to the cultural heritage values associated with this area.

European settlement resulted in the displacement and violent treatment of Aboriginal people in Winton and the surrounding region. One example of frontier violence, and of Yorta Yorta resistance to colonial incursions, is the 1838 massacre at Benalla, located 14 km east of the study area (The University of Newcastle, 2017).

The development of the Winton area and township by settlers resulted in significant transformations to the landscape. As seen in Figure 3, large-scale vegetation clearance for agricultural purposes had already occurred by 1949. The image shows that this applies to both the study area and the wider landscape. By 1949, the footprint for Winton-Glenrowan Road (north) and Glenwest Lane (east) had already been established. Vegetation is sparse within the wider region; however, the study area has retained some mature trees. A track can be seen within the western portion of the study area, leading to a structure. This may have been a previous residence and driveway or access track.



Figure 3: Wangaratta C4 (791 C4 Zone 7) aerial image from 1947 showing the study area in orange (RAAF 1911, 1949)

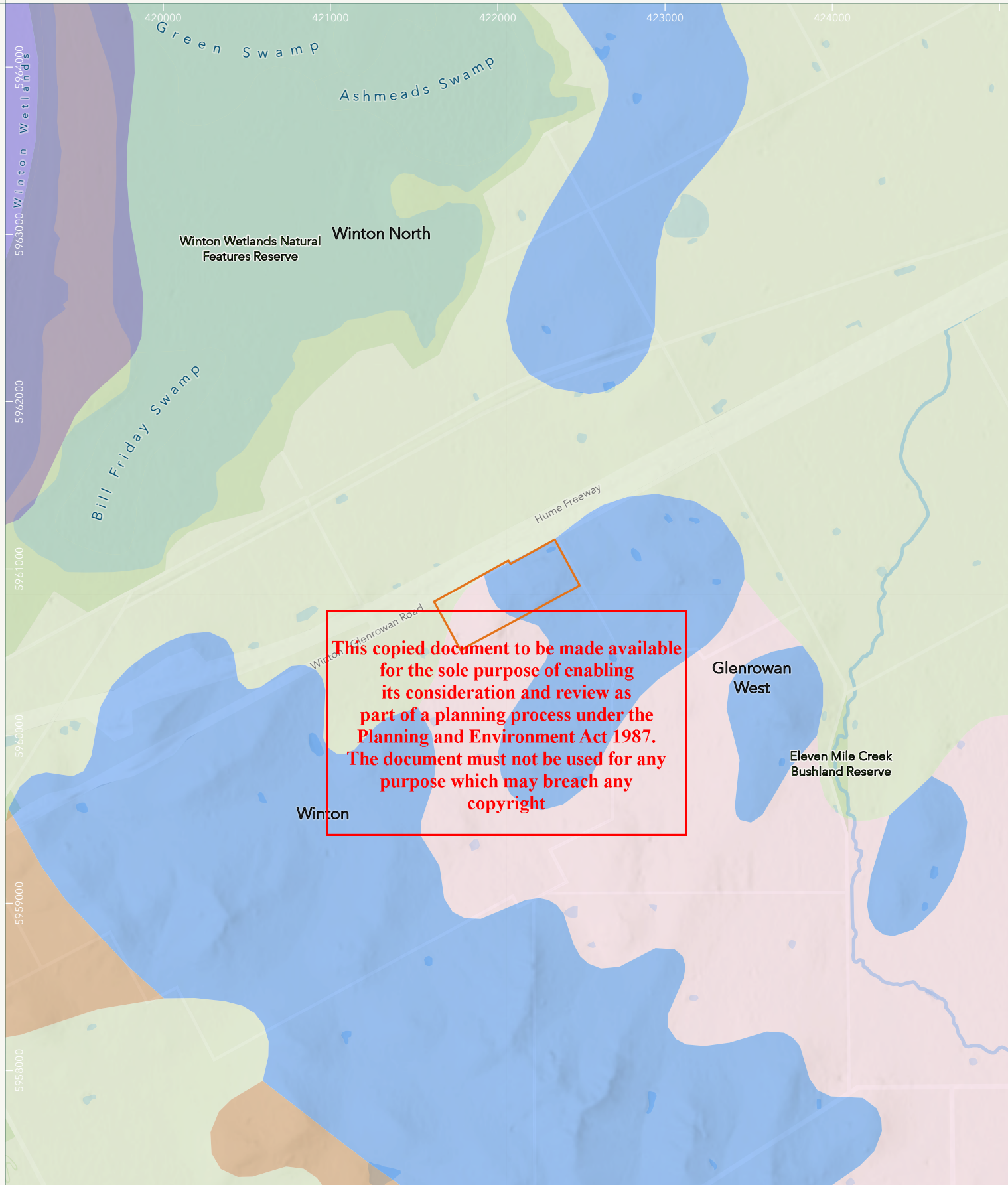
The study area is underlain by two principal geological units: Sc (Cobbannah Group) and Nc1 (incised Colluvium). These units are associated with grey cracking clay soils, brown strong texture contrast soils, and yellow and brown non-texture contrast soils. As shown in Map 3, incised Colluvium occupies the western half of



the study area, while the Cobbannah Group underlies the eastern half. The boundary between these units occurs around the central elevated area within the 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road lot.

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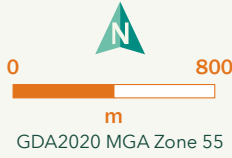
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- Activity area
- Watercourse
- Waterbody
- Sport, Recreation and Reserve

- Geological Unit 50k
GENERICSYMBOLIZER
- Nc1
 - Nws

- Ob
- Qdi
- Qm1
- Sc

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Map 2
Geology of the Region
WRESST

Niche PM: Sotiria McDonald
Niche Proj. #: 9583

Activity area: / Hillshade: Esri, Geoscience Australia, NASA, NGA, USGS/ NOT FOR LEGEND Road Casements - Vicmap Property (ROAD_CASEMENT_POLYGON); / NOT FOR LEGEND Road Network - Vicmap Transport (TR_ROAD); / Watercourse: / Waterbody: / Sport, Recreation and Reserve: / NOT FOR LEGEND Built Up Area: / NOT FOR LEGEND Crown Land Tenure Polygons and Descriptors - Vicmap Crown Land Tenure (V_CL_TENURE_POLYGON_DC); / NOT FOR LEGEND Register of Geographic Names - Vicmap Features of Interest (GNR): / NOT FOR LEGEND Local Government Area: / NOT FOR LEGEND Locality Boundaries (aligned to Property) - Vicmap Admin (LOCALITY_POLYGON); / Watercourses, Waterbodies, Road and Rail alignments, Property © Vicmap | VAHR | Niche uses GDA2020 as standard for all project-related data. In order to ensure that data from numerous sources and coordinate systems is aligned, on-the-fly transformation to GDA2020 MGA Zone 55 is used in the map above. For ease of reference, the grid tick marks and labels shown around the border of the map are presented in GDA2020 MGA Zone 55.



5 Site Inspection

A site inspection of the study area was undertaken on 13 March 2026 by Dr Justin Shiner (Manager - Heritage Advisor, Niche). The inspection was undertaken to:

- Determine the extent of significant ground disturbance within the study area,
- Determine if there are any areas of high Aboriginal archaeological potential with the study area, and
- Determine if there are areas of historical archaeological potential within the study area.

5.1 Site inspection results

The study area has been subject to several ground disturbing activities since European settlement in the region, including extensive land clearing of native vegetation, low-scale agricultural activities, and construction of residential structures and utilities. The residential portion of the study area has been subject to less disturbance in comparison with the eastern portion containing Glenrowan Terminal Station. The study area includes varying topography with a rise/hill in the middle of the property. Map 3 (**Error! Reference source not found.**) shows the results of the site inspection.

Paddock section

This portion of the study area is used for agricultural and rural residential purposes. Landforms include flat plains within the southwest, where the two farm dams are located (Plate 6).

The study area comprises a gently sloping terrain that rises from the west and north toward the central section of the property, before grading into lower-lying ground to the southwest

Existing features within this area include an unsealed gravel driveway (Plate 1), leading from the Winton-Glenrowan Road to the central section of the property, where the house and associated buildings, including sheds and laydown areas for agricultural activities (Plate 2), cattle activity (pugging) (Plate 5), and two dams (Plate 6) are located. The residence is surrounded by a small stand of mature eucalypt trees. Disturbance to the ground surface is evident in Plate 7.

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Plate 1: Residential driveway, western extent



Plate 2: Example of land use close to existing dwelling and sheds



Plate 3: Example of gently sloping landscape



Plate 4: Example of mature vegetation within the study area

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Plate 5: Example of livestock disturbance within the study area



Plate 6: Example of agricultural use of the study area



Plate 7: Example of ground exposure within the study area

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Winton-Glenrowan Road road reserve section

This section captures the northern extent of the study area, spanning approximately 511 m. The road reserve is sparsely lined with remnant eucalypts trees and understory species. This area also contains a service road running parallel with Winton-Glenrowan Road with subsurface utilities. The eastern extent of the road reserve section is bordered by the Glenrowan Terminal Station (Plate 8 and Plate 10). Some mature trees are located between the road reserve and the terminal station. Plate 9 shows the clearance of land for the service road and underlying utilities. The utilities lining the service road can be seen in Plate 11 at the midpoint of the road reserve. Remnant eucalypts are located the entire length of the road reserve (Plate 10 and Plate 11). No waterways are present within this portion of the study area. One tree with potential scarring was located within the road reserve: a box tree with a single scar.

This is discussed in more detail in the section below (Consultation regarding potential scarred tree).



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Plate 8: Eastern extent of the road reserve, facing east



Plate 9: Eastern extent of the road reserve, facing west



Plate 10: Eastern extent of the road reserve and 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road, showing the Glenrowan Terminal Station infrastructure



Plate 11: Mid-section of the road reserve, showing the service road with utilities

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Plate 12: Example of remnant eucalypts



Plate 13: Western extent of the road reserve

Glenrowan Terminal Station

The easternmost portion of the study area is occupied by the Glenrowan Terminal Station. The construction of the terminal and associated infrastructure has significantly disturbed the landscape within a surface and subsurface context. Transmission lines from the southwestern extent of this portion of the study area run in a northwestern direction, intercepting the land within 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road. This portion was not inspected during the site visit.

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Plate 14: Terminal station infrastructure within the eastern extent of the study area

5.2 Ground disturbance

The study area is located within agricultural land and the road reserve adjacent to Winton-Glenrowan Road (which runs parallel to the Hume Highway). Ground disturbance noted in the study area includes:

- Stock pugging during times of wet and saturated soils,
- Dam construction,
- Land clearing,
- Construction of a house and associated shedding,
- A high-voltage transmission line,
- Vehicle tracks and use,
- Utilities underneath the service road, and
- Animal tracks

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Activities like the construction of the Winton-Glenrowan Road and agricultural use of the land have occurred since at least 1949, and likely from European settlement in 1857, resulting in repeated topsoil disturbance; however, this disturbance does not meet the definition for significant ground disturbance, as defined by the *Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018* (excluding the terminal station).

These activities may have potentially disturbed or destroyed Aboriginal cultural heritage within the study area; however, it is possible that Aboriginal cultural heritage could still be present, especially in undisturbed, buried contexts.

5.3 Areas of Aboriginal archaeological potential

No areas of high Aboriginal archaeological potential were identified during the site inspection. The elevated area within the central portion of the 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road property is deemed to have low-moderate archaeological potential for Aboriginal cultural heritage. The road reserve is also deemed to have moderate



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potential for Aboriginal cultural heritage due to its proximity to remnant vegetation. This information is seen in Table 2.

5.3.1 Areas of cultural heritage sensitivity

No areas of Aboriginal cultural heritage sensitivity, as defined in the Aboriginal Heritage Regulations, are present within study area.

5.4 Area of historic archaeological potential

No areas of historic archaeological potential are present within the study area.

5.5 Overall inferred archaeological potential

Inferred areas of archaeological potential are summarised in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Assessed archaeological potential of the study area

Location	Landform	Aboriginal Archaeological Potential	Historic Archaeological Potential	Heritage Potentially Present
Southern and northern portion of the study area	Hill slope	Low	Low	Isolated stone artefacts and occasional historic material
Central/Eastern - northwest portion of the study area	Hill top	Low - Moderate	Low	Isolated to low concentrations of stone artefacts and occasional historic material
Road reserve	Plain	Moderate	Low	Isolated to low concentrations of stone artefacts and scarred trees within remnant vegetation

5.6 Potential scarred tree in the road reserve

One potentially scarred tree was observed during the assessment (seen in Map 3). This is located at the northern end of the road reserve just beyond the clearing for the high voltage power line. This tree is only identified as a potential scarred tree and the following characteristics need to be considered:

- The age of the tree: it must be at least several hundred years old to be a scarred tree,
- The characteristics of the scarring: whilst the regular shape is consistent with Aboriginal scarred trees, the rip in the heartwood is not consistent and may suggest some other type of non-human event has resulted in the scarring,
- The lack of visible axe marks, and
- The lack of advanced regrowth around the margins of the scar.

On the balance of probability, we conclude that the scarring is unlikely to have resulted from Aboriginal activity and is most like the result of an undetermined natural process.

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The tree falls outside of the development area. As such, even with implementation of a buffer zone, no proposed works are proposed within the buffer of the tree. The location of this tree and applied buffer area are displayed in Map 3 below.

The scarred tree includes a section of bark that has not been cleanly cut away from the trunk (Plate 15 and Plate 16). The tree is located within a sparse portion of remnant eucalypts between Winton-Glenrowan Road and the associated service road (Plate 17).

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Activity area

Potential Scar Tree

Indicative area of cultural sensitivity

Transport

Freeway

Sub-arterial

Local road

Minor

Hydrography

Water Area

Administrative and Property Boundaries

Locality Boundaries

Local Government Area

0

100

m

GDA2020 MGA Zone 55

Map 3

Site Inspection Results

WRESST

Niche PM: Sotiria McDonald

Niche Proj. #: 9583

Imagery: Nearmap 2025/04/13 | Potential Scar Tree: / Indicative area of cultural sensitivity: / Activity area: / Road Network - Vicmap Transport (TR_ROAD): / Rail Network: / Ferry: / Watercourse: / Water Area : / Locality Point: / Locality Boundaries: / Local Government Area: / Hillshade: Sources: Esri, Vantor, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodastatys, Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap, and the GIS user community/ World Imagery: Vantor/ Subject area: / World Hillshade: Sources: Esri, CGIAR/ World Topographic Map: Sources: Esri, TomTom, Garmin, FAO, NOAA, USGS, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community | Watercourses, Waterbodies, Road and Rail alignments, Property © Vicmap | VAHR | Niche uses GDA2020 as standard for all project-related data. In order to ensure that data from numerous sources and coordinate systems is aligned, on-the-fly transformation to GDA2020 MGA Zone 55 is used in the map above. For ease of reference, the grid tick marks and labels shown around the border of the map are presented in GDA2020 MGA Zone 55.



Plate 15: Detail of potential Aboriginal scarred tree



Plate 16: Front view of potential Aboriginal scarred tree



Plate 17: Context of potential Aboriginal scarred tree in relation to the roadway

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5.7 Conclusion

The study area does not contain any areas of cultural heritage sensitivity. Low to moderate Aboriginal archaeological potential is confined to the elevated landform in the centre of the study area at 576 Winton-Glenrowan Road and to the road reserve, where remnant vegetation is present. There are no waterways within the study area or within 200 m of the study area.

During the site inspection, a tree exhibiting potential scarring was identified within the northern portion of the study area. Based on the observable characteristics of the scar, it is considered more likely that the feature resulted from natural processes rather than Aboriginal cultural activity. Notwithstanding this assessment, the proposed works have been designed to avoid both the tree and its associated buffer area. Accordingly, the activity will not result in harm to the tree, irrespective of its origin.

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6 Conclusion and Recommendations

This assessment for lodgement was undertaken to determine the requirements of the proposed construction of a BESS (WRESST) and associated infrastructure within the study area under cultural heritage legislation.

6.1 Summary of Aboriginal cultural heritage

6.1.1 Cultural Heritage Management Plan

Assessment of the proposed activity identified:

- The activity is a high impact activity under the *Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018*, as the activity will involve the construction of the WRESST and associated infrastructure and utilities, which will involve significant ground disturbance to an area affecting approximately 6.5 ha (r 46(1)(a)(b)(xxvii)(D)).
- The study area is not situated within an area of cultural heritage sensitivity under the *Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2018*.

While a CHMP is not mandatory, as the study area does not intercept any areas of cultural heritage sensitivity, at the discretion of the client, a voluntary CHMP may be undertaken to further understand heritage risks within the study area.

6.1.2 Cultural Heritage Permit

No registered Aboriginal Places are located within the study area; therefore, a Cultural Heritage Permit is not required.

6.1.3 Risk to Aboriginal cultural heritage during the activity

The study area been assessed as having a low-moderate potential to contain Aboriginal archaeological material that may be harmed during the activity.

The eastern portion of the study area has not been previously assessed; however, three CHMPs have assessed the area encompassing the Glenrowan Terminal Station, located within the eastern portion of the study area.

These CHMPs were prepared for the proposed construction of a BESS and two solar farms, including associated infrastructure. CHMP 20488 resulted in the recording of VAHR 8124-0041 (Glenwest Aboriginal Cultural Place – Ring Tree), which is 900 m south of the study area. CHMP 15292 resulted in the recording of VAHR 8125-0045 and 0048, being four scarred trees located in the broader landscape to the east of the study area.

This assessment found that the closest area of cultural heritage sensitivity to the study area is the Winton Wetlands, located at a distance of approximately 1.8 km to the north. As such, the proposed works are unlikely to impact any recognised areas of cultural heritage sensitivity. Furthermore, while Aboriginal Places have been recorded within a 3 km buffer of the study area, the closest Place is located approximately 900 m to the south, with no Aboriginal cultural heritage recorded in the study area nor within 200 m of the study area. Subsequently, the project works will not impact any recorded Aboriginal Places.

During the site inspection, one tree with potential scarring was identified within the northern extent of the study area. The scarring is more likely to be from natural causes as opposed to reflecting Aboriginal cultural activity. Regardless, the project activities will not impact the tree nor its buffer area and harm is not anticipated.

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In conclusion, the study area comprises no registered Aboriginal Places and exhibits a low to moderate potential for Aboriginal cultural heritage to be present. The proposed works will not harm any recorded Aboriginal Places nor impact any areas of cultural heritage sensitivity, as well as avoiding the potential culturally scarred tree.

6.2 Summary of historic heritage

No registered historic heritage places are located within the study area. Despite this, the greater region is linked to the historic figure, Ned Kelly, and his activities, with his mother's homestead located 4.6 km southeast of the study area.

No approvals are required for historic heritage under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*, the *Heritage Act 2017*, nor the *Planning and Environment Act 1987*.

6.3 Recommendations

A mandatory CHMP is not required for the activity as the study area does not encompass any areas of cultural heritage sensitivity; however, the client may elect to initiate a voluntary CHMP to gain additional insight into potential heritage risks within the study area.

6.3.1 Consultation regarding potential scarred tree

The tree exhibiting scarring within the road reserve does not meet the criteria for classification as an Aboriginal scarred tree. Should the proponent opt to initiate a voluntary CHMP, further engagement with YYNAC may be conducted to ensure their perspectives are considered throughout the CHMP consultation process.

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Appendix 1

VAHR results

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Table 3: VAHR Aboriginal Places within 3 km radius

VAHR Number	Site Name	Component Place Number	Component Type
8024-0066	Benalla LDAD	8024-0066-9	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8124-0041	Glenwest Aboriginal Cultural Place - Ring Tree	8124-0041-1	Aboriginal Cultural Place
8125-0186	LAKE MOKOAN SPIT 1	8125-0186-1	Artefact Scatter
8125-0221	LMA 3	8125-0221-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0230	LMA 12	8125-0230-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0238	LMA 20	8125-0238-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0268	LITTLE ASHMEADS SWAMP 1	8125-0268-1	Artefact Scatter
8125-0269	ASHMEADS SWAMP 1	8125-0269-1	Artefact Scatter
8125-0270	ASHMEADS SWAMP 2	8125-0270-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0271	ASHMEADS SWAMP 3	8125-0271-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0272	ASHMEADS SWAMP 4	8125-0272-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0273	ASHMEADS SWAMP 5	8125-0273-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0274	ASHMEADS SWAMP 6	8125-0274-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0275	ASHMEADS SWAMP 7	8125-0275-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0276	ASHMEADS SWAMP 8	8125-0276-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0277	ASHMEADS SWAMP 9	8125-0277-1	Scarred Tree



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VAHR Number	Site Name	Component Place Number	Component Type
8125-0309	BOGGY BRIDGE ROAD 2	8125-0309-1	Artefact Scatter
8125-0315	DRAWDOWN 7	8125-0315-1	Artefact Scatter
8125-0316	DRAWDOWN 8	8125-0316-1	Artefact Scatter
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-7	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-8	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-5	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-6	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-4	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-1	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-2	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0419	Bill Friday Swamp 1	8125-0419-3	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0429	Bill Friday Swamp 2	8125-0429-2	Artefact Scatter
8125-0455	Glenrowan West 1	8125-0455-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0456	Glenrowan West 2	8125-0456-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0457	Glenrowan West 3	8125-0457-1	Scarred Tree
8125-0458	Glenrowan West 4	8125-0458-1	Aboriginal Cultural Place
8125-0471	Marble Solar Farm Scarred Tree	8125-0471-1	Scarred Tree



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VAHR Number	Site Name	Component Place Number	Component Type
8125-0474	Marble Solar Farm Artefact Scatter	8125-0474-2	Artefact Scatter
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-6	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-7	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-5	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-3	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-2	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-1	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-9	Low Density Artefact Distribution
8125-0475	Marble Solar Farm LDAD 2	8125-0475-8	Low Density Artefact Distribution

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Appendix 2

Archaeological reports

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Table 4: Archaeological reports within 1 km of the study area

Report No.	Report Type	Title	Author
1887	Desktop or Paper or Due Diligence or Other	WORKING TOWARD AN ABORIGINAL HERITAGE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR THE NORTH EAST RFA REGION OF VICTORIA	BUCKLEY.K & HUGHES.P
20488	CHMP Standard Assessment	Battery Energy Storage System, Glenwest Lane, Winton, Victoria	Felicity Smolenaers and Kara Oakley-Smith
36	Desktop or Paper or Due Diligence or Other	ABORIGINAL OCCUPATION OF THE NORTH EAST STUDY AREA, DISTRICTS 1, 2 & 4	ZOBEL, D.
432	Desktop or Paper or Due Diligence or Other	ABORIGINAL ARCHAEOLOGY OF THE ALBURY-WODONGA REGION	ALBURY-WODONGA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
712	Survey	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF NORTH EAST VICTORIA	THOMSON, C.
4334	Heritage Management	Development Of A Model For Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management In The Victorian Regional Forest Agreement Region	Phillip Hughes And Kristal Buckley
1074	Desktop or Paper or Due Diligence or Other	LAND CONSERVATION COUNCIL BOX-IRONBARK FORESTS & WOODLANDS SPECIAL INVESTIGATION CHAPTER 2: ABORIGIN	CLARK, I.
15292	CHMP Standard Assessment	Glenrowan West Sun Farm, Glenrowan West, Victoria	Ashley Edwards, Jocelyn Strickland and William Truscott
63	Desktop or Paper or Due Diligence or Other	ABORIGINAL ASSOCIATION WITH THE MURRAY VALLEY STUDY AREA	
592	Desktop or Paper or Due Diligence or Other	ARCHAEOLOGY OF THE BROKEN RIVER BASIN: A BACKGROUND STUDY	



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Report No.	Report Type	Title	Author
4648	Desktop or Paper or Due Diligence or Other	Conflict and Territoriality in Aboriginal Australia: Evidence from Biology and Ethnography	
17625	CHMP Complex Assessment	Proposed Glenrowan Solar Farm and Underground Cable Route, Glenrowan West	Matthew Barker and Annette Millar

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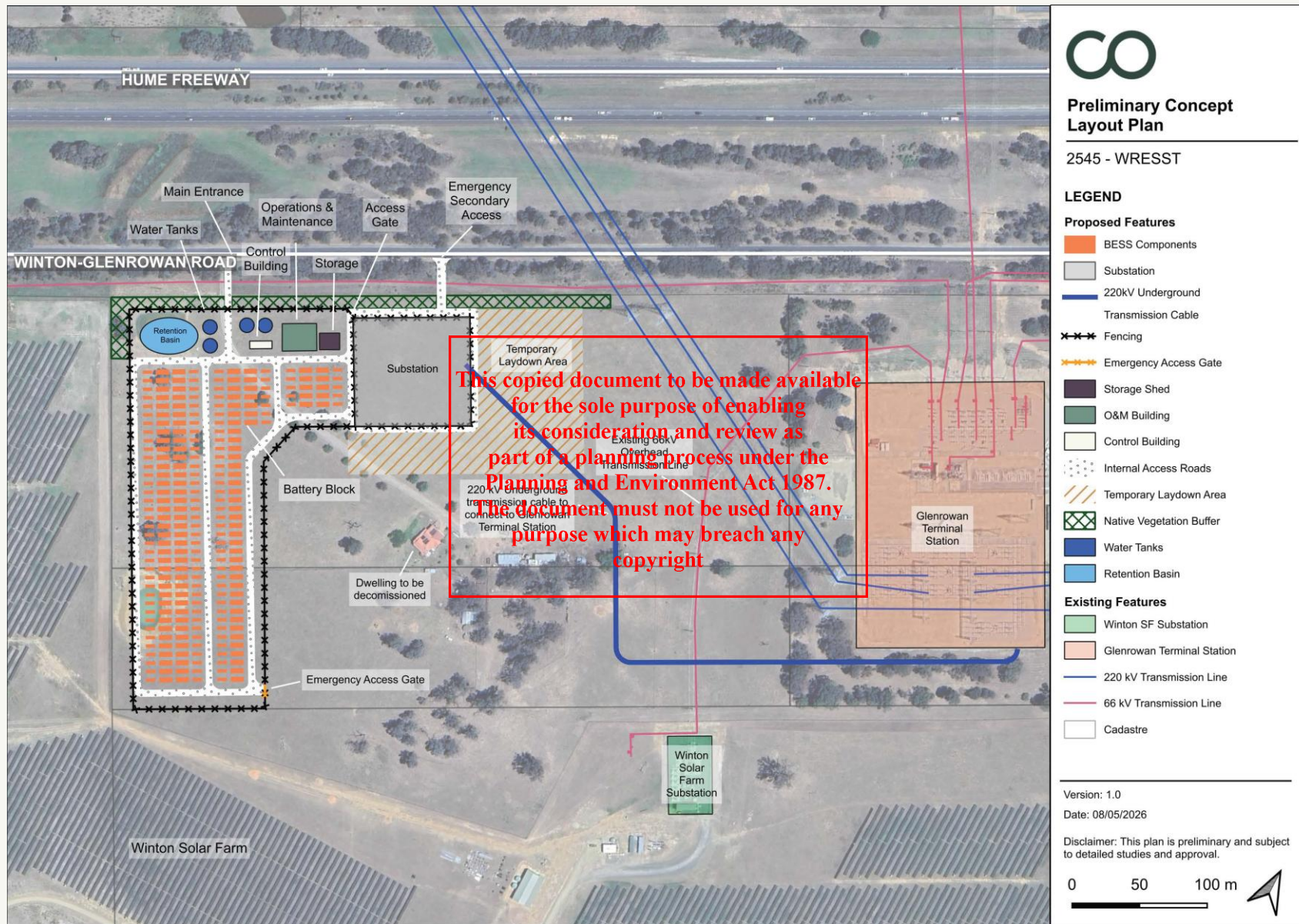


Appendix 3

Proposed works

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