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Sections 63, 64, 64A and 86

PLANNING PERMIT

| Permit No.: | PA2302611-1 | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Planning scheme: | Melbourne Planning Scheme | |
| Responsible authority: | Minister for Planning | |
| ADDRESS OF THE LAND: | 8 Whiteman Street, Southbank (Crown Allotment 58E City of South Melbourne, Parish of Melbourne South) | |

THE PERMIT ALLOWS:

| Planning scheme clause | Matter for which the permit has been granted | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| 37.04-5 | The erection and display of internally illuminated business identification signs | |

THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS APPLY TO THIS PERMIT:

Compliance with documents approved under this permit

1. At all times what the permit allows must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of any document approved under this permit to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.

Signs not to be altered

2. The location and details of the signs, and any supporting structure, as shown on the endorsed plans, must not be altered without the written consent of the responsible authority.

Commencement

3. This permit will operate from the issued date of this permit.

No flashing light

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4. The approved internally illuminated signs must not contain any flashing or intermittent light.

Illumination during specified hours

5. The signs must only be illuminated during the business's hours of operation.

The responsible authority may consent in writing to vary these requirements.

Sign maintenance

6. The signs, including the structure and content, must be constructed and maintained to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.

Expiry

7. This permit will expire 15 years from the issued date of this permit.

On expiry of the permit, the sign and structures built specifically to support and illuminate it must be removed.

In accordance with Section 69 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987, an application may be submitted to the responsible authority for an extension of the period referred to in this condition.

THIS PERMIT HAS BEEN AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

| Date of amendment | Brief description of amendment | Name of responsible authority that approved the amendment | Section of the Act under which the permit has been amended |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| 13 January 2025 | Amendment to endorsed plans to upgrade north facing sign | Minister for Planning | 72 |

USEFUL INFORMATION:



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- The permitted use or development may need to comply with, or obtain the following further approvals:
 - The recommendations of a cultural heritage management plan approved under the Aboriginal Heritage Act 2006.
 - o A building permit under the Building Act 1993.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PERMIT

WHAT HAS BEEN DECIDED?

The responsible authority has issued a permit

(Note: This is not a permit granted under Division 5 or 6 of Part 4 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987.)

CAN THE RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY AMEND THIS PERMIT?

The responsible authority may amend this permit under Division 1A of Part 4 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

WHEN DOES A PERMIT BEGIN?

A permit operates:

- from the date specified in the permit; or
- if no date is specified, from
 - the date of the decision of the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal, if the permit was issued at the direction of the Tribunal; or
 - ii. the date on which it was issued, in any other case.

WHEN DOES A PERMIT EXPIRE?

- A permit for the development of land expires if—
 - the development or any stage of it does not start within the time specified in the permit; or
 - the development requires the certification of a plan of subdivision or consolidation under the Subdivision Act 1988 and the plan is not certified within two years of the issue of the permit, unless the permit contains a different provision; or
 - the development or any stage is not completed within the time specified in the permit, or, if no time is specified, within two years after the issue
 of the permit or in the case of a subdivision or consolidation, within five years of the certification of the plan of subdivision or consolidation under
 the Subdivision Act 1988.
- 2. A permit for the use of land expires if-
 - the use does not start within the time specified in the permit, or if no time is specified, within two years after the issue of the permit; or
 - the use is discontinued for a period of two years.
- 3. A permit for the development and use of land expires if-
 - the development or any stage of it does not start within the time specified in the permit; or
 - the development or any stage of it is not completed within the time specified in the permit, or, if no time is specified, within two years after the issue of the permit; or
 - the use does not start within the time specified in the permit, or, if no time is specified, within two years after the completion of the development;
 - the use is discontinued for a period of two years.
- 4. If a permit for the use of land or the development and use of land or relating to any of the circumstances mentioned in section 6A(2) of the **Planning** and **Environment Act 1987**, or to any combination of use, development or any of those circumstances requires the certification of a plan under the **Subdivision Act 1988**, unless the permit contains a different provision—
 - the use or development of any stage is to be taken to have started when the plan is certified; and
 - the permit expires if the plan is not certified within two years of the issue of the permit.
- 5. The expiry of a permit does not affect the validity of anything done under that permit before the expiry.

WHAT ABOUT REVIEWS?

- The person who applied for the permit may apply for a review of any condition in the permit unless it was granted at the direction of the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal, in which case no right of review exists.
- An application for review must be lodged within 60 days after the permit was issued, unless a notice of decision to grant a permit has been issued
 previously, in which case the application for review must be lodged within 60 days after the giving of that notice.
- An application for review is lodged with the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal.
- An application for review must be made on the relevant form which can be obtained from the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal, and be
 accompanied by the applicable fee.
- An application for review must state the grounds upon which it is based.
- A copy of an application for review must also be served on the responsible authority.
- Details about applications for review and the fees payable can be obtained from the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

